

XVII<sup>th</sup> YEAR.

PRICE | SINGLE PART—FOURTEEN PAGES | 3 CENTS.

FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 11, 1898.

ON STREETS AND TRAINS | 5 CENTS  
AT ALL NEWS AGENCIES

THEATERS—

With Dates of Events.

**LOS ANGELES THEATER**—C. M. WOOD, Lessee and Treas. H. C. WYATT, Manager. TONIGHT, MATINEE TOMORROW, AND TOMORROW NIGHT.

The World-famous **Black Patti's Troubadours**, presenting a kaleidoscope of Coon Comedy, Coon Songs, Jubilee Shouts, Cake Walks, Duck Dancers, Vaudeville, Operatic Masterpieces and Black Patti. Everybody should bring their shouting voices, for it will be required during the CAKE WALK. Seats now on sale. Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, \$1. Tel. Main 70. A HOT SHOW

Next Attraction—Three Nights, beginning Monday, March 14, Jacob Litt's Splendid Production, "Shall We Forgive Her?" Seats now on sale. Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00. Tel. Main 70.

**BURBANK THEATER**—JOHN C. FISHER, Manager. Week beginning Monday, March 7—THE ELLFORD COMPANY. Thursday, Friday and Matinee.

"TO NIGHTS IN BAR ROOM." Saturday and Sunday, "THE CORNER GROCERY" Prices 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c. Matinee 10c and 25c. Phone Main 1270.

**OPHEUM**—Los Angeles' Society Vaudeville Theater. Tonight—The talk of the town, the Great Gautier, the most marvelous equestrian act ever seen in America. Filson and Erol, America's representative society sketch artists, introducing their new and dainty comediettes, "A Tip from the Derby," Geo. W. Day, monologist artist supreme. Carl Dausey's Troupe, marvelous acrobats. Mathews and Morris, fin de siècle laugh-provokers. The Nawas and Bros. Gloss. Prices Never Changing—Evening, Reserved seats 25c and 50c; Gallery 10c. Matinees Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday, Telephone Main 1447.

SUPERB ROUTES OF TRAVEL—

**CALIFORNIA LIMITED—**  
Via Santa Fe Route.

Runs  
Every  
Other  
Day

Leaves Los Angeles, 8:00 a.m. Sunday, Tuesday and Friday, Leaves Pasadena... 8:25 a.m. Sunday, Tuesday and Friday, Arrive Kansas City... 6:00 p.m. Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday, Arrive St. Louis... 7:00 a.m. Wednesday, Friday and Monday, Arrive Chicago... 9:45 a.m. Wednesday, Friday and Monday.

This splendid train is for first-class travel only, but there is no extra charge beyond the regular ticket and sleeping-car rate. Dining-cars serve breakfast leaving Los Angeles. Vestibuled and electric lighted. All the luxuries of modern travel.



**DONE IN A DAY.**

SEEANEW COUNTRY EVERY MILE

Every Tuesday and Saturday, in addition to the regular train service, the Santa Fe runs a special express, taking in Redlands, Riverside, and the beauties of Santa Ana Canyon.

Leave Los Angeles... 9:00 a.m.  
Leave Pasadena... 9:25 a.m.  
Arrive San Bernardino... 10:55 a.m.  
Arrive Redlands... 11:45 a.m.  
Leave Redlands... 11:55 a.m.  
Arrive Riverside... 2:25 p.m.  
Leave Riverside... 4:45 p.m.  
Arrive Los Angeles... 6:25 p.m.  
Arrive Pasadena... 6:50 p.m.

Giving two hours' stop at Redlands and Riverside for drives and sight-seeing.

**The Observation Car**

On this train affords pleasant opportunity for seeing the sights.

Tickets admit stop-overs at any point on the track. Round Trip \$4.10.

**San Diego and Coronado Beach.**

The most beautiful spot in the world. Two daily trains, carrying parlor cars, make the run in about four hours from Los Angeles and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights the Coronado Special will run. The ride is delightful, carrying you for seventy miles along the Pacific Ocean beach.

SANTA FE ROUTE OFFICE, 200 SPRING ST., COR. SECOND.

**Sunset Limited.**

Unrivaled Vestibuled Service  
Without Extra Charge . . .

Leaves Los Angeles 10:30 a.m. Tuesday and Friday. Runs through to St. Louis and Chicago, with close connections for New York, Boston and all points East.

**Sunset Limited Annex**

Via New Orleans to Washington and New York. Through sleeping-cars and dining-car service, San Francisco to New Orleans, thence to East.

Leave Los Angeles 10:30 a.m. Tuesday and Friday.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY,  
229 South Spring Street.

**EXCURSIONS MT. LOWE RAILWAY**

**\$2.50** Saturday and Sunday, March 12 and 13, from Los Angeles to all points on Mt. Lowe Railway and return. Pasadena Electric Cars leave 7, 7:30, 8, 8:30, 9, 9:30, 10, 10:30 a.m. 1, 3, 4 p.m. Go early, spend a full day in the mountains to make the trip more complete, arrange to remain over night at Echo Mountain House, enjoy the sunset, search light, large telescope, and grand stereopticon entertainment.

Office, 214 South Spring Street. Telephone Main 960.

**A MUSEMENTS AND ENTERTAINMENTS—**

With Dates of Events.

**OSTRICH FARM—SOUTH PASADENA**—Nearly 100 GIGANTIC BIRDS. One of the sights of America. A large stock of Feather Boas, Capes and Plumes for sale. Pasadena Electric and Terminal Cars stop at the gate.

**TIMELY SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS—**

**STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS—**  
**S Hotel Westminster**

Refurnished and Rebuilt.  
Steam Heat in Every Room.

**PHOTOGRAPHS—** Speak for Themselves.  
**FOURTEEN MEDALS.**  Unquestionable Indorsements.

Studio 220½ South Spring, opposite Hollenbeck.

**ALTHOUSE FRUIT CO.—** Just received another large shipment of Mountain Apples, all varieties. Also big shipment of **GRAPE FRUIT**. Open all night. Althouse Fruit Co., 213-215 W. Second St.

**IMPORTANT—Japanese and Chinese Goods** at less than cost. To give up store for repairs. Best assortment in the city. Wing Hing Wo & Co., 238 S. Spring St.

**Redondo Carnations** AND CHOICE ROSES—CUT FLOWERS AND FLORAL DESIGNS. Flowers are packed for shipping. B. F. COLLINS, Tel. 119, 220 S. Spring St.

**INGLESIDE FLORAL COMPANY**, F. Edward Gray, Proprietor, 149 South Spring Street. Tel. Red 1072. Choice Cut Flowers, Decorative and House Plants, Floral Designs.

**LANCHARD PIANO COMPANY**—Special Bargains in Pianos this week. 113 South Spring Street.

**EMANCIPATOR.**

The President's Message  
Due Tuesday.

Will Sound the Death-knell of  
Spanish Dominion.

Barbarism to Be Swept from  
a Fair Land.

A NEW AMERICAN REPUBLIC.

Cuba's Virtual Independence  
to Be Made Real.

Reasons Which Prompt the Chief  
Executive's Action.

Inhumanity and starvation Must  
Have an End.

HIS TRUST IS IN CONGRESS.

Sagasta Says Honor Compels the  
Ministry to Remain at Their  
Posts—Work on the Wreckage  
of the Maine is Slow.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

WASHINGTON, March 10.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A well-authenticated forecast of the President's message to Congress on Tuesday says it will show that the time has arrived when this country should recognize the independence of Cuba. Spain has lost control of the island. The semblance of government no longer exists. Spain is unable to carry on the war in a civilized manner. Because of the cruelty, inhumanity and starvation, the United States should interfere. Because of these reasons the independence of Cuba will be recognized by the President, Cuba having practically achieved her independence.

The President's course is the outcome of consular reports from Cuba, which will be attached to his message. The President is confident of the unanimous support of the people, because of the unanimous action of Congress in voting the \$50,000,000.

THIRTY THOUSAND ENGINEERS.

Their Services Can Be Had in the  
Event of War.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

NEW YORK, March 10.—The Herald will tomorrow say:

"George Uhler, president of the Marine Engineers Benevolent Association of the United States, has gone from this city to Washington to offer President McKinley the services of 33,000 marine engineers in the event of war. Only such engineers as are American citizens are members of the benevolent association.

"President Uhler stated that he had heard from all the local associations except a few at such distant places as Portland, Or., and that each local association had offered all of its members, unanimously voting to do so."

MAKING FOR PEACE.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

NEW YORK, March 10.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Tribune's Washington special says:

"Popular satisfaction at the prompt and overwhelming ratification by Congress of the President's programme of preparation for possible national emergencies has been greatly heightened by the assurances of sympathy with the American policy received within the last few days by the administration from the governments of all but two leading nations of the world. Of all countries sounded on the question of possible American intervention in Cuba, only two, Germany and Austria-Hungary, have declined to commit themselves in advance to an approval of the general attitude outlined by the United States.

"The certainty at once of unified sentiment at home and of widespread moral support abroad, should war come as the result of further friction between Spain and this country, has given a buoyancy and confidence to public feeling which have gone far already to allay the anxieties and exactions of the last four days.

"Congress, having shown its capacity to meet any probable crisis in a spirit of harmony, dignity and patriotic singleness of purpose, and the President having demonstrated equally eminent ability to rise to any sudden national emergency, the outlook for a peaceful and satisfactory settlement of the issues which darken friendly intercourse between the United States and Spain has been perceptibly brightened.

"Effective preparations for war both

through legislation and diplomacy are now felt to make more strongly every day for peace, and the opinion here at the capital already reflects more decided confidence in the ultimate adjustment of all difficulties between the two nations without actual recourse to arms. The administration continues, however, to push with all possible energy the work of putting the military and naval services on an effective footing. Negotiations for war material, both here and in Europe, are being pressed, and plans are reaching completion for arming, manning and fitting for immediate use the auxiliary fleet of ocean liners."

(CAPT. SAMSON ILL.)

Divers Examined—Work on the  
Maine Wreckage.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

HAVANA, March 10.—[By Key West Cable.] Capt. Sampson, who has been exposed to the sun while on the wreck lately, is somewhat indisposed today, but the doctor on the Montgomery says he has no apprehension of a serious illness. The Spanish divers avoid the noon day heat, working in the morning and evening.

Two divers were examined by the American court of inquiry today as to their recent observations at the wreck. The work of wreckage appears very slow. If any real progress is made it is scarcely apparent from day to day. Still, it is hoped that when the upper debris has been removed to the barge, more bodies will be recovered. It may be, however, that the last body retaining a shape recognizable as human has been removed from the Maine. Chaplain Chidwick today, from descriptions in the enlistment papers, identified two bodies that were buried at Colon Cemetery some days ago as those of Joseph I. Gordon and one Johnson, both colored.

The officers and men of the Montgomery are still refused shore leave. They devote much time to drill and setting up exercises, the latter exciting much interest, especially to sailors on the Spanish ships, where the tactics are quite different.

(EMERY WILL COMMAND.)

He Volunteers to Take Charge of  
the Auxiliary St. Louis.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

NEW YORK, March 11.—A special to the Tribune from Washington says: "Commander William H. Emery has volunteered to command the auxiliary cruiser St. Louis in the event of that vessel's impressment into the naval service and he will be ordered to join her before her departure from New York next Wednesday, in a capacity similar to that which caused Commander Brownson to sail on the St. Paul. Commander Emery has selected as his immediate staff Lieut. Nathan Sargent, as executive officer, at present recorder of the board of inspection and survey of the Navy Department, and Lieut. Frank F. Fletcher as navigator, now on duty at the torpedo station at Newport."

(SPAIN'S TORPEDO FLEET.)

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

NEW YORK, March 11.—A dispatch to the Herald from Madrid says: "The torpedo squadron, unless the plans are altered, will start Friday of this week to the Canaries while the two torpedo destroyers leave England direct for Cuba. A strong sentiment is growing that peace or war should come without delay."

(FERN AT KEY WEST.)

Court of Inquiry's Work is Apparently Nearly Done.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

KEY WEST, March 10.—The Fern has brought here the Maine's silverware and sixty rifles recovered from the wreck. Bissell, stenographer of the court of inquiry, was also on board. Both of the stenographers have now left the court, and it has only a temporary clerk. This leads many here to think that its work is practically done, and that it will return to Key West by or before Saturday.

The Fern coaled, and the provisions

for the starving Cubans were then put on board. She is scheduled to sail for Matanzas tomorrow.

The Marblehead will go from the Tortugas to Tampa, where, it is reported, she will take on additional ammunition. The British cruiser Corrala coaled today.

(MATTER OF HONOR.)

Why the Spanish Cabinet Officers  
Remain at Their Posts.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

MADRID, March 10.—[By Atlantic Cable.] Señor Sagasta, the Premier, denied the rumors of ministerial changes. He says: "The responsibilities of power under present conditions are certainly not agreeable, but all the ministers regard it as a question of honor to remain at their posts."

Señor Leon Castillo, the Spanish Ambassador to France, will soon return to Paris.

(THE KNEE DRILL.)

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

BOSTON, March 10.—In view of the strained relations between the United States and Spain, and the possibility of rupture between them, the American Peace Society, through its general secretary, Dr. Trublood, has asked the Associated Press to make known its request that prayers be offered in all the churches throughout the nation on next Sabbath, that the God of Peace may deliver the nation from the great calamity of war, with its present and future disastrous consequences to the people."

(AT LARGE—PAGES 3, 6.)

Dispatches were also received from London, Madrid, New York, Chicago, Havana, Washington, San Francisco, Berlin, Denver, Philadelphia and other places.

(Financial and Commercial—PAGES 12.)

Chicago and Kansas City live-stock quotations... Oil at Oil City and New York... Boston, New York and San Francisco stock quotations... London markets weakened by fears of settlement today—Large losses in Americans... Contracting in volume, and apathy at New York... Call-board wheat sales at San Francisco... California dried fruits... Dull wheat market at Chicago.

(COURT OF INQUIRY.)

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

HAVANA, March 10.—The United States naval court of inquiry into the loss of the battleship Maine is quietly continuing its work, and its members

**SLOW AND SURE**

Navy Department Using  
Circumspection.

No Lack of Vessels from Which  
to Make a Choice.

</

are as secretive as usual. So far as can be judged, there have been no important developments recently.

### CUBANS STOOD FAST,

### AFTER FOUR DAYS' FIGHTING THE SPANIARDS WITHDREW.

Gen. Recios's Little Band Outnumbered by Castellanos's Forces Armed with Cannon, Yet It Defeated Him with Heavy Loss.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, March 10.—The Cuban junta has received by messenger the official report of Gen. Recios who commanded the Cuban forces at the battle of Najasa, February 21-22. The details of the battle show that, while the Cubans were outnumbered four to one, for four days they held their position and caused the Spanish troops to retreat, leaving 236 dead men upon the field.

On the morning of February 21, while more than ten miles from Najasa, the vanguard of the Spanish army, composed of guerrillas, under Lieut. Peiro, was attacked at a turn in the road. The Cuban cavalry, under Brig. Brando Pena, numbered seventy men. The vanguard comprised fifty men. Of the fifty men, three escaped and forty-seven were killed. The Cubans lost fourteen men. The Spanish cavalry under Maj. Copaz was attacked by the full Cuban cavalry, 500 strong. The loss in this charge by the Cubans was slight. The men under Copaz were defeated without firing a shot, the Cubans charging from the front and rear. The men were literally cut to pieces. They defended themselves with the butts of their carbines.

The Cubans secured eighty cavalry horses, with equipments; 100 carbines and ammunition. After the cavalry rout they were forced to retreat, as the Spanish army, 4000 strong, came into action. Retreating for more than a mile, the Cubans made a stand behind rocks and checked the advance of Castellanos's troops until nightfall. In the night the Cuban wounded were sent to the rear, and earthworks were thrown up that would each protect half a dozen rebels. The troops were moved to higher ground, and everything possible done to make fortifications.

The battle of the second day opened with an attempt by the Spanish to a knob of ground holding twenty men. After several ineffectual attempts, one of the Krupp guns was used, and the position was abandoned for one higher. During the shelling of the small fortifications the Cubans twice caused the gun to be withdrawn out of rifle range.

There was no attempt made to advance by the Spaniards on the 22d. They kept up a continuous fire, shooting whole volleys whenever a Cuban showed his head. Twice on the 23d, Gen. Castellanos made an attempt to advance. On both occasions the troops were driven back. On the 24th, the fourth day of the fight, he suffered a loss of more than 100 killed, and withdrew, leaving his dead upon the field. They retreated to Puerto Principe, and announced that they had defeated a force of 3000 Cubans.

The dead were buried by Gen. Recios's troops. His own loss was seventy-eight killed and more than a hundred wounded. Maj. Copaz, commander of the Spanish cavalry, was court-martialed after the first day's fight, for cowardice.

### SPANIARDS HATE US.

Talk With Col. Parker Who Has Returned from Cuba.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, March 10.—A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says:

"Capt. Eulate of the Spanish cruiser Vizcaya, who was seen in New York recently, has just figured in an incident here which proves that some, at least, of Spain's best officers will not cater to the rabble's desire about Americans in Havana. The Vizcaya near the Fern before the latter made room for the Montgomery, and when the vessels swung close together, words spoken on the quarterdeck of one could be heard on the other.

"Boats loaded with enthusiastic Spaniards have filled the water about the Vizcaya, and the sailors have been, and many visitors have been allowed to go aboard and have inspected the 11-inch guns, which landsmen believe the proof of Havana's impregnability. The Vizcaya's captain, Monday, stood on the quarterdeck and heard boat-loads from the shore about the Spanish gunners who lay down their arms. The Fern on the latter vessel, although they knew the compliments were intended for them, ignored the billingsgate, and the shore party pulled to the Vizcaya and boarded her.

"When they were all on the deck now, the captain, the captain of the Spanish cruiser, with a word to one or two of the marines, stepped briskly forward to meet the newcomers. They smiled and bowed most obsequiously.

Their salute had the effect of placing their bodies in a posture exactly fitted to the captain's pride, and the nearest obsequious gentleman was straightened by the shock with great suddenness.

"At the cry which followed pain, surprise and injured pride found voice.

The captain, who had been carried away momentarily by indignation, then turned and, with a look of contempt following his example, hustled and roughly booted the rest of the patriots to one side. As they regained their feet, the captain, with some feeling, said that they were persons of a sort which placed the country in a false position, and that the Spanish would be repudiated by the shock with great suddenness.

"At the cry which followed pain, surprise and injured pride found voice.

The captain, who had been carried away momentarily by indignation, then turned and, with a look of contempt following his example, hustled and roughly booted the rest of the patriots to one side. As they regained their feet, the captain, with some feeling, said that they were persons of a sort which placed the country in a false position, and that the Spanish would be repudiated by the shock with great suddenness.

"The presence in Madrid of the Spanish minister, the captain of the Spanish cruiser, with a word to one or two of the marines, stepped briskly forward to meet the newcomers. They smiled and bowed most obsequiously.

Their salute had the effect of placing their bodies in a posture exactly fitted to the captain's pride, and the nearest obsequious gentleman was straightened by the shock with great suddenness.

"At the cry which followed pain, surprise and injured pride found voice.

The captain, who had been carried away momentarily by indignation, then turned and, with a look of contempt following his example, hustled and roughly booted the rest of the patriots to one side. As they regained their feet, the captain, with some feeling, said that they were persons of a sort which placed the country in a false position, and that the Spanish would be repudiated by the shock with great suddenness.

"The presence in Madrid of the Spanish minister, the captain of the Spanish cruiser, with a word to one or two of the marines, stepped briskly forward to meet the newcomers. They smiled and bowed most obsequiously.

Their salute had the effect of placing their bodies in a posture exactly fitted to the captain's pride, and the nearest obsequious gentleman was straightened by the shock with great suddenness.

"At the cry which followed pain, surprise and injured pride found voice.

The captain, who had been carried away momentarily by indignation, then turned and, with a look of contempt following his example, hustled and roughly booted the rest of the patriots to one side. As they regained their feet, the captain, with some feeling, said that they were persons of a sort which placed the country in a false position, and that the Spanish would be repudiated by the shock with great suddenness.

"The presence in Madrid of the Spanish minister, the captain of the Spanish cruiser, with a word to one or two of the marines, stepped briskly forward to meet the newcomers. They smiled and bowed most obsequiously.

Their salute had the effect of placing their bodies in a posture exactly fitted to the captain's pride, and the nearest obsequious gentleman was straightened by the shock with great suddenness.

"At the cry which followed pain, surprise and injured pride found voice.

The captain, who had been carried away momentarily by indignation, then turned and, with a look of contempt following his example, hustled and roughly booted the rest of the patriots to one side. As they regained their feet, the captain, with some feeling, said that they were persons of a sort which placed the country in a false position, and that the Spanish would be repudiated by the shock with great suddenness.

"The presence in Madrid of the Spanish minister, the captain of the Spanish cruiser, with a word to one or two of the marines, stepped briskly forward to meet the newcomers. They smiled and bowed most obsequiously.

Their salute had the effect of placing their bodies in a posture exactly fitted to the captain's pride, and the nearest obsequious gentleman was straightened by the shock with great suddenness.

"At the cry which followed pain, surprise and injured pride found voice.

The captain, who had been carried away momentarily by indignation, then turned and, with a look of contempt following his example, hustled and roughly booted the rest of the patriots to one side. As they regained their feet, the captain, with some feeling, said that they were persons of a sort which placed the country in a false position, and that the Spanish would be repudiated by the shock with great suddenness.

"The presence in Madrid of the Spanish minister, the captain of the Spanish cruiser, with a word to one or two of the marines, stepped briskly forward to meet the newcomers. They smiled and bowed most obsequiously.

Their salute had the effect of placing their bodies in a posture exactly fitted to the captain's pride, and the nearest obsequious gentleman was straightened by the shock with great suddenness.

"At the cry which followed pain, surprise and injured pride found voice.

The captain, who had been carried away momentarily by indignation, then turned and, with a look of contempt following his example, hustled and roughly booted the rest of the patriots to one side. As they regained their feet, the captain, with some feeling, said that they were persons of a sort which placed the country in a false position, and that the Spanish would be repudiated by the shock with great suddenness.

"The presence in Madrid of the Spanish minister, the captain of the Spanish cruiser, with a word to one or two of the marines, stepped briskly forward to meet the newcomers. They smiled and bowed most obsequiously.

Their salute had the effect of placing their bodies in a posture exactly fitted to the captain's pride, and the nearest obsequious gentleman was straightened by the shock with great suddenness.

"At the cry which followed pain, surprise and injured pride found voice.

The captain, who had been carried away momentarily by indignation, then turned and, with a look of contempt following his example, hustled and roughly booted the rest of the patriots to one side. As they regained their feet, the captain, with some feeling, said that they were persons of a sort which placed the country in a false position, and that the Spanish would be repudiated by the shock with great suddenness.

"The presence in Madrid of the Spanish minister, the captain of the Spanish cruiser, with a word to one or two of the marines, stepped briskly forward to meet the newcomers. They smiled and bowed most obsequiously.

Their salute had the effect of placing their bodies in a posture exactly fitted to the captain's pride, and the nearest obsequious gentleman was straightened by the shock with great suddenness.

"At the cry which followed pain, surprise and injured pride found voice.

The captain, who had been carried away momentarily by indignation, then turned and, with a look of contempt following his example, hustled and roughly booted the rest of the patriots to one side. As they regained their feet, the captain, with some feeling, said that they were persons of a sort which placed the country in a false position, and that the Spanish would be repudiated by the shock with great suddenness.

"The presence in Madrid of the Spanish minister, the captain of the Spanish cruiser, with a word to one or two of the marines, stepped briskly forward to meet the newcomers. They smiled and bowed most obsequiously.

Their salute had the effect of placing their bodies in a posture exactly fitted to the captain's pride, and the nearest obsequious gentleman was straightened by the shock with great suddenness.

"At the cry which followed pain, surprise and injured pride found voice.

The captain, who had been carried away momentarily by indignation, then turned and, with a look of contempt following his example, hustled and roughly booted the rest of the patriots to one side. As they regained their feet, the captain, with some feeling, said that they were persons of a sort which placed the country in a false position, and that the Spanish would be repudiated by the shock with great suddenness.

"The presence in Madrid of the Spanish minister, the captain of the Spanish cruiser, with a word to one or two of the marines, stepped briskly forward to meet the newcomers. They smiled and bowed most obsequiously.

Their salute had the effect of placing their bodies in a posture exactly fitted to the captain's pride, and the nearest obsequious gentleman was straightened by the shock with great suddenness.

"At the cry which followed pain, surprise and injured pride found voice.

The captain, who had been carried away momentarily by indignation, then turned and, with a look of contempt following his example, hustled and roughly booted the rest of the patriots to one side. As they regained their feet, the captain, with some feeling, said that they were persons of a sort which placed the country in a false position, and that the Spanish would be repudiated by the shock with great suddenness.

"The presence in Madrid of the Spanish minister, the captain of the Spanish cruiser, with a word to one or two of the marines, stepped briskly forward to meet the newcomers. They smiled and bowed most obsequiously.

Their salute had the effect of placing their bodies in a posture exactly fitted to the captain's pride, and the nearest obsequious gentleman was straightened by the shock with great suddenness.

"At the cry which followed pain, surprise and injured pride found voice.

The captain, who had been carried away momentarily by indignation, then turned and, with a look of contempt following his example, hustled and roughly booted the rest of the patriots to one side. As they regained their feet, the captain, with some feeling, said that they were persons of a sort which placed the country in a false position, and that the Spanish would be repudiated by the shock with great suddenness.

"The presence in Madrid of the Spanish minister, the captain of the Spanish cruiser, with a word to one or two of the marines, stepped briskly forward to meet the newcomers. They smiled and bowed most obsequiously.

Their salute had the effect of placing their bodies in a posture exactly fitted to the captain's pride, and the nearest obsequious gentleman was straightened by the shock with great suddenness.

"At the cry which followed pain, surprise and injured pride found voice.

The captain, who had been carried away momentarily by indignation, then turned and, with a look of contempt following his example, hustled and roughly booted the rest of the patriots to one side. As they regained their feet, the captain, with some feeling, said that they were persons of a sort which placed the country in a false position, and that the Spanish would be repudiated by the shock with great suddenness.

"The presence in Madrid of the Spanish minister, the captain of the Spanish cruiser, with a word to one or two of the marines, stepped briskly forward to meet the newcomers. They smiled and bowed most obsequiously.

Their salute had the effect of placing their bodies in a posture exactly fitted to the captain's pride, and the nearest obsequious gentleman was straightened by the shock with great suddenness.

"At the cry which followed pain, surprise and injured pride found voice.

The captain, who had been carried away momentarily by indignation, then turned and, with a look of contempt following his example, hustled and roughly booted the rest of the patriots to one side. As they regained their feet, the captain, with some feeling, said that they were persons of a sort which placed the country in a false position, and that the Spanish would be repudiated by the shock with great suddenness.

"The presence in Madrid of the Spanish minister, the captain of the Spanish cruiser, with a word to one or two of the marines, stepped briskly forward to meet the newcomers. They smiled and bowed most obsequiously.

Their salute had the effect of placing their bodies in a posture exactly fitted to the captain's pride, and the nearest obsequious gentleman was straightened by the shock with great suddenness.

"At the cry which followed pain, surprise and injured pride found voice.

The captain, who had been carried away momentarily by indignation, then turned and, with a look of contempt following his example, hustled and roughly booted the rest of the patriots to one side. As they regained their feet, the captain, with some feeling, said that they were persons of a sort which placed the country in a false position, and that the Spanish would be repudiated by the shock with great suddenness.

"The presence in Madrid of the Spanish minister, the captain of the Spanish cruiser, with a word to one or two of the marines, stepped briskly forward to meet the newcomers. They smiled and bowed most obsequiously.

Their salute had the effect of placing their bodies in a posture exactly fitted to the captain's pride, and the nearest obsequious gentleman was straightened by the shock with great suddenness.

"At the cry which followed pain, surprise and injured pride found voice.

The captain, who had been carried away momentarily by indignation, then turned and, with a look of contempt following his example, hustled and roughly booted the rest of the patriots to one side. As they regained their feet, the captain, with some feeling, said that they were persons of a sort which placed the country in a false position, and that the Spanish would be repudiated by the shock with great suddenness.

"The presence in Madrid of the Spanish minister, the captain of the Spanish cruiser, with a word to one or two of the marines, stepped briskly forward to meet the newcomers. They smiled and bowed most obsequiously.

Their salute had the effect of placing their bodies in a posture exactly fitted to the captain's pride, and the nearest obsequious gentleman was straightened by the shock with great suddenness.

"At the cry which followed pain, surprise and injured pride found voice.

The captain, who had been carried away momentarily by indignation, then turned and, with a look of contempt following his example, hustled and roughly booted the rest of the patriots to one side. As they regained their feet, the captain, with some feeling, said that they were persons of a sort which placed the country in a false position, and that the Spanish would be repudiated by the shock with great suddenness.

"The presence in Madrid of the Spanish minister, the captain of the Spanish cruiser, with a word to one or two of the marines, stepped briskly forward to meet the newcomers. They smiled and bowed most obsequiously.

Their salute had the effect of placing their bodies in a posture exactly fitted to the captain's pride, and the nearest obsequious gentleman was straightened by the shock with great suddenness.

"At the cry which followed pain, surprise and injured pride found voice.

The captain, who had been carried away momentarily by indignation, then turned and, with a look of contempt following his example, hustled and roughly booted the rest of the patriots to one side. As they regained their feet, the captain, with some feeling, said that they were persons of a sort which placed the country in a false position, and that the Spanish would be repudiated by the shock with great suddenness.

"The presence in Madrid of the Spanish minister, the captain of the Spanish cruiser, with a word to one or two of the marines, stepped briskly forward to meet the newcomers. They smiled and bowed most obsequiously.

Their salute had the effect of placing their bodies in a posture exactly fitted to the captain's pride, and the nearest obsequious gentleman was straightened by the shock with great suddenness.

"At the cry which followed pain, surprise and injured pride found voice.

The captain, who had been carried away momentarily by indignation, then turned and, with a look of contempt following his example, hustled and roughly booted the rest of the patriots to one side. As they regained their feet, the captain, with some feeling, said that they were persons of a sort which placed the country in a false position, and that the Spanish would be repudiated by the shock with great suddenness.

"The presence in Madrid of the Spanish minister, the captain of the Spanish cruiser, with a word to one or two of the marines, stepped briskly forward to meet the newcomers. They smiled and bowed most obsequiously.

Their salute had the effect of placing their bodies in a posture exactly fitted to the captain's pride, and the nearest obsequious gentleman was straightened by the shock with great suddenness.

"At the cry which followed pain, surprise and injured pride found voice.

The captain, who had been carried away momentarily by indignation, then turned and, with a look of contempt following his example, hustled and roughly booted the rest of the patriots to one side. As they regained their feet, the captain, with some feeling, said that they were persons of a sort which placed the country

REPORTING RECORD  
CHOYNSKI WONDERS.

SHARKEY IS FAVORITE IN THE BETTING.

His Staying Powers Have Made Him First Choice of the San Francisco Plungers.

BOTH MEN ARE CONFIDENT.

HOTLY-CONTESTED MILL SEEMS TO BE ASSURED.

Ex-Minister Lincoln's Son-in-Law to Pitch Ball—Walter Blum of Chicago Beats the Best Swimmers.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, March 10.—Both Choynski and Sharkey have ceased training for their fight tomorrow night and both are in perfect condition. Both are very confident, and as it is generally conceded that the sailor will give a better account of himself than when he first met Choynski, a hotly-contested mill is confidently expected.

Sharkey's staying powers, which have been thoroughly tested by Fitzsimmons, Corbett, Goddard and others, constituted him favorite in the betting at odds of 10 to 8, much to the surprise of his opponent, but a large sum of money has already been staked at these odds and there was plenty more on hand this evening.

Sharkey will probably enter the ring at 178 pounds, while Choynski will scale about 170 pounds tomorrow night. The advance sale of tickets has been unusually heavy.

A meeting held tonight for the purpose of selecting a referee proved fruitless. Ed Graney represented Choynski, and Sharkey was present in person. A number of names were suggested, but none proved acceptable to both sides. Finally, an adjournment was taken until 2 o'clock tomorrow. Many sports predict that Jim McDonald, the baseball umpire, will be chosen, though he was rejected today by Sharkey. The club officials will not sanction the choice of a referee not entirely acceptable to the sporting public.

RACING TO EUROPE.

An Interesting Contest Which Begun at Tacoma.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

TACOMA (Wash.) March 10.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The British ship Wellington, Capt. Thomas, and the British bark Aldergrove, Capt. Robinson, are racing across the ocean with a big wager at stake. Both vessels cleared early this week with full cargoes of grain for Europe, and departed within twenty-four hours of each other. It leaked out today that the masters of these big wind-jammers got together just before their departure, and staked sums, stated to be several hundred pounds, on the ability of their respective ships to get into Falmouth or Queenstown first. Their friends joined in the betting, and whichever captain arrives out first will undoubtedly immediately cable to his supporters here. What lends additional zest to the race is the fact that the vessels were built by the same firm at Glasgow, are about the same age and tonnage. The only evident advantage held by either is the difference in rigging. The Wellington is a full square-rigged ship, while her competitor is a bark.

There has been very little betting on ship races here for several years. The recent arrival of a racing ship, Tacoma, winning a spirited race from Philadelphia over the Indiana, bound to San Francisco, has created a new interest in racing. Gossip over that race started the discussion which resulted in Capts. Thomas and Robinson putting up their wagers.

FAST SWIMMING.

Walter Blum of Chicago Creates a New Record.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

CHICAGO, March 10.—Walter Blum, a young swimmer, 18 years old, created a new American record in the tank of the Chicago Athletic Association. It was in the quarter-mile race, an open contest, one of three at different distances for the indoor championship of the Central Association of Amateur Athletic Association. Blum's time was 6:23.5, and is exactly one second faster than any time done before in this country, previously held by T. Kenney of Philadelphia, the former Australian swimmer who came out here during the World's Fair and beat all the best men in the country putting up their wagers.

BEST TWO-YEAR-OLD.

Lobos Makes a New State Record at Oakland.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, March 10.—There is no longer any doubt as to which is the best two-year-old of the present season. It is the bay colt Lobos, who ran away from his field in the two-year-old race at Oakland today and won, pulling up in the wonderfully fast time of 0:47%, which he has never before been equaled by a two-year-old in this State. Lobos is a son of Imp, Golden Garter, who is by the same sire as Ormonde.

SUMMARY.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, March 10.—The weather at Oakland was fine, and the track fast. Results:

Five furlongs: Ballister, 101 (Conroy) 6 to 1, won; Loupout, 102 (Schoen) 20 to 1, second; Rose Maid, 102 (J. Woods) 7 to 1, third; time 1:02. Bonita, R. Lona, Miss; Searchlight, Notice Me, Dr. Misner, Approval, Ocktruk, Rebecca Wells, Idemoneus, Eppinger, Agnes Tobin, St. Angelo and Carlist also ran.

Six furlongs: Mocorito, 104 (Thorpe) 5 to 1, won; Loupout, 102 (Schoen) 20 to 1, second; Rose Maid, 102 (J. Woods) 7 to 1, third; time 1:02. Bonita, R. Lona, Miss; Searchlight, Notice Me, Dr. Misner, Approval, Ocktruk, Rebecca Wells, Idemoneus, Eppinger, Agnes Tobin, St. Angelo and Carlist also ran.

Four furlongs: Hobo, 56 (Clawson) 5 to 1, won; E. Come, 108 (Thorpe) 6 to 5, second; Formosa, 113 (H. Brown) 7 to 2, third; time 0:47%. Primavera, Master Buck, Physalis and Master Mariner also ran.

Four furlongs: Hobo, 56 (Clawson) 5 to 1, won; E. Come, 108 (Thorpe) 6 to 5, second; Formosa, 113 (H. Brown) 7 to 2, third; time 0:47%. Primavera, Master Buck, Physalis and Master Mariner also ran.

One mile and a sixteenth, selling: Fonsannah, 90 (Clawson) 9 to 5, won; Montebello, 90 (T. S. Stoddard) 10 to 1, second; Flash Light, 116 (Tuber-

## Los Angeles Daily Times.

REPORTING RECORD  
CHOYNSKI WONDERS.

SHARKEY IS FAVORITE IN THE BETTING.

His Staying Powers Have Made Him First Choice of the San Francisco Plungers.

BOTH MEN ARE CONFIDENT.

HOTLY-CONTESTED MILL SEEMS TO BE ASSURED.

Ex-Minister Lincoln's Son-in-Law to Pitch Ball—Walter Blum of Chicago Beats the Best Swimmers.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, March 10.—Both Choynski and Sharkey have ceased training for their fight tomorrow night and both are in perfect condition. Both are very confident, and as it is generally conceded that the sailor will give a better account of himself than when he first met Choynski, a hotly-contested mill is confidently expected.

Sharkey's staying powers, which have been thoroughly tested by Fitzsimmons, Corbett, Goddard and others, constituted him favorite in the betting at odds of 10 to 8, much to the surprise of his opponent, but a large sum of money has already been staked at these odds and there was plenty more on hand this evening.

Sharkey will probably enter the ring at 178 pounds, while Choynski will scale about 170 pounds tomorrow night. The advance sale of tickets has been unusually heavy.

A meeting held tonight for the purpose of selecting a referee proved fruitless. Ed Graney represented Choynski, and Sharkey was present in person. A number of names were suggested, but none proved acceptable to both sides. Finally, an adjournment was taken until 2 o'clock tomorrow. Many sports predict that Jim McDonald, the baseball umpire, will be chosen, though he was rejected today by Sharkey. The club officials will not sanction the choice of a referee not entirely acceptable to the sporting public.

RACING TO EUROPE.

An Interesting Contest Which Begun at Tacoma.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

TACOMA (Wash.) March 10.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The British ship Wellington, Capt. Thomas, and the British bark Aldergrove, Capt. Robinson, are racing across the ocean with a big wager at stake. Both vessels cleared early this week with full cargoes of grain for Europe, and departed within twenty-four hours of each other. It leaked out today that the masters of these big wind-jammers got together just before their departure, and staked sums, stated to be several hundred pounds, on the ability of their respective ships to get into Falmouth or Queenstown first. Their friends joined in the betting, and whichever captain arrives out first will undoubtedly immediately cable to his supporters here. What lends additional zest to the race is the fact that the vessels were built by the same firm at Glasgow, are about the same age and tonnage. The only evident advantage held by either is the difference in rigging. The Wellington is a full square-rigged ship, while her competitor is a bark.

There has been very little betting on ship races here for several years. The recent arrival of a racing ship, Tacoma, winning a spirited race from Philadelphia over the Indiana, bound to San Francisco, has created a new interest in racing. Gossip over that race started the discussion which resulted in Capts. Thomas and Robinson putting up their wagers.

FAST SWIMMING.

Walter Blum of Chicago Creates a New Record.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

CHICAGO, March 10.—Walter Blum, a young swimmer, 18 years old, created a new American record in the tank of the Chicago Athletic Association. It was in the quarter-mile race, an open contest, one of three at different distances for the indoor championship of the Central Association of Amateur Athletic Association. Blum's time was 6:23.5, and is exactly one second faster than any time done before in this country, previously held by T. Kenney of Philadelphia, the former Australian swimmer who came out here during the World's Fair and beat all the best men in the country putting up their wagers.

BEST TWO-YEAR-OLD.

Lobos Makes a New State Record at Oakland.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, March 10.—The weather at Oakland was fine, and the track fast. Results:

Five furlongs: Ballister, 101 (Conroy) 6 to 1, won; Loupout, 102 (Schoen) 20 to 1, second; Rose Maid, 102 (J. Woods) 7 to 1, third; time 1:02. Bonita, R. Lona, Miss; Searchlight, Notice Me, Dr. Misner, Approval, Ocktruk, Rebecca Wells, Idemoneus, Eppinger, Agnes Tobin, St. Angelo and Carlist also ran.

Six furlongs: Hobo, 56 (Clawson) 5 to 1, won; E. Come, 108 (Thorpe) 6 to 5, second; Formosa, 113 (H. Brown) 7 to 2, third; time 0:47%. Primavera, Master Buck, Physalis and Master Mariner also ran.

Four furlongs: Hobo, 56 (Clawson) 5 to 1, won; E. Come, 108 (Thorpe) 6 to 5, second; Formosa, 113 (H. Brown) 7 to 2, third; time 0:47%. Primavera, Master Buck, Physalis and Master Mariner also ran.

One mile and a sixteenth, selling: Fonsannah, 90 (Clawson) 9 to 5, won; Montebello, 90 (T. S. Stoddard) 10 to 1, second; Flash Light, 116 (Tuber-

## ARTIFICIAL DAYLIGHT.

A NEW YORK INVENTOR RIVALS  
DAME NATURE.

He Has Been Monkeying With the Firefly and Has Succeeded Better Than Edison or Tesla—Value of His Discovery.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, March 10.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] John H. Haines of this city has just succeeded in producing the following: Annie Daly vs. Vahnida, Glenroy vs. Fair Rosalind, Capt. Morse vs. Star Ruby, Victoria vs. Sir John, Ornament vs. Highborn Lady, Moondyne vs. Count of Monte Cristo, Gilt Edge vs. Blue Jay, Lady Hop vs. Princess Marie, Log Boy vs. Reta, Rapid vs. Uncle Sam, Right Bower vs. Koo Koo, Bendalong vs. Go Slow, Just Eclipse vs. Montebello, Hawk vs. Birdie, Nelly Duff, Valley Star, Vannina, Patricia vs. Old Glory, Vannida vs. Alma, Hercules vs. Van Cleve, Harkaway vs. Black Prince, Valley Maid vs. Magnet, Fireball vs. Dakota, White Lily vs. Seafiorita, Nellie B. vs. Mohawk.

NEW ORLEANS RACES.

NEW ORLEANS, March 10.—The weather was cloudy and track fast. Results:

Six furlongs: Eton Jacket won, Henrica second, Cherry Leaf third; time 1:15.

Seven furlongs: Ben Frost won, Diamond second, Tewanda third; time 1:29.

Mile and one-sixteenth: Robert Bonner won, Jim Hogg second, Lakeview Palace third; time 1:49.

One mile: Carrie Lyle won, Oak Leaf second, Stockholm third; time 1:42.

One mile: Nighthawk won, Corral on the Avenue, Macbeth, time 1:42.

Seven furlongs: High test won, Harry Lee second, Little Music third; time 1:29.

Deckwith vs. Pitch.

DURHAM (Iowa), March 10.—Manager Sullivan today called Warren Beckwith, son-in-law of Robert T. Lincoln, to pitch for the Dubuque team of the Western Baseball Association.

ALASKAN BOUNDARY.

## PAUNCEFOOTE TELLS CANADA THAT IT IS SETTLED.

The British Ambassador Has Arranged a Convention With This Country—The Canucks are not pleased.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, March 11.—A dispatch to the Press from Ottawa, Ont., says: "Sir Julian Pauncefoote, the British Ambassador, has informed the Canadian ministry officially that he has arranged a convention with the United States, whereby the Alaskan boundary dispute has been settled. Under the terms of the convention, the British government has conceded the claim of the United States that the three maritime leagues should be measured from the shore of the mainland, and should proceed along the shores of the inlets, which are now recognized as arms of the sea."

"The contention of the British and of the Canadian governments was that the three-mile limit should begin on the ocean side of the island and that the delimiting line should be run across the inlets and not follow the coast line. These inlets are numerous and extend into the mainland, a great distance, and the decision, therefore, is of much importance to the United States."

"The United States has agreed to the British retaining the boundary line as it is now, and has given up the White Pass, because in the Russian-British agreement of 1825, the line of demarcation was fixed as one running along the tops of the mountains."

"The decision, while not entirely unexpected by the Cabinet, is regarded with disfavor. It was understood that the British government was irritated at the forwardness of the Canadian Ministry, but it was not thought that the surrender would be so sweeping as it is."

MINERS' LICENSES.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

VICTORIA (B. C.) March 10.—The steamer Farallon and Signal of Seattle called here yesterday to allow their passengers to obtain their licenses. The Signal's officers were notified that they, too, would be inspected on their arrival at this port. The officials are notifying all United States boats that they will be inspected on second call.

WHAT'S AILING TUPPER?

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

OTTAWA (Ont.) March 10.—At a meeting of the British Empire League today resolutions were passed in favor of Canada establishing a naval reserve for the training of sailors of the merchant service, and using the same time of war. Sir Charles Tupper made a strong attack on Sir Michael Hicks-Beach for his reference to Canada recently, when he charged the Dominion with not contributing toward imperial affairs.

THE CANADIAN GOVERNMENT.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, March 11.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The Morning says that Haines is ahead of Edison and Tesla in his new invention.

"Advices from the Herald's correspondents at various points in Central America state that war clouds are still hovering over those countries."

"The correspondent was present at Haines's seance to some friends. The laboratory had several long glass tubes on the walls. The 'daylight' produced stood on the floor and looks like three small satchels. The regular incandescent lamps were cut out, and all was darkness. Suddenly there was a soft light, richer than moonlight, but delightful and pleasant to the eyes. Photographs were taken, papers read, in short, it seemed as if all light and shadow were chased away."

Haines claims that he can improve his apparatus 100 per cent, and yet furnish cheaper and better illumination than anything people now have. He is getting ready for a big display at the coming electrical exhibition here in May. Instead of exposed incandescent lamps, he will have cleverly-concealed glass tubes that will shed a soft light, making things look as if one lived at the North Pole during the half year of daylight. A big company, with a capital of \$10,000,000, so it is stated, will put the new light on the market.

Haines is a comparatively young inventor, and has already patented a number of things among which may be mentioned an alternating inclosed arc lamp. He has been experimenting with vacuum tubes for the last six years, and at last his labors have been crowned with success. Scientific men in England, Germany, France, Russia, Italy and far-away Japan have endeavored with astonishing persistence to produce cold light which would not be the outcome of elaborate and expensive processes, but it remained for an American to manufacture artificial daylight and thus beat the savants of the old world.

The application of the "alternate path" to directing a torpedo is yet to be developed, but the principle involved in wireless telegraphy shows that Haines may work a big revolution in transmitting signs and signals, and especially in the use of boats. The beauty of the invention is that it is simple. In this connection it is interesting to note that both Tesla and Edison are working on the secret of the firefly, and it is rumored that they, too, will shortly give the world something to talk about.

ARKANSAW MAN HUNT.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN CARLOS (Nicaragua), Feb. 15.—[Correspondence of the Associated Press. Wired from Chicago March 10.]

The Nicaragua Canal Commissioners passed through here yesterday on their return to Greytown from their tour of inspection on the western side of the lake.

The commissioners were greatly pleased with the result of the hydrographic survey of the eastern end of Lake Nicaragua, which has just been completed by Lieut. Hanus, U.S.N., and his party of naval officers and enlisted men of the navy. In addition to the soundings, Mr. Hanus went extensively into the boring business, thereby saving the commission a very considerable expense, and making the work more favorable to the canal. No dredging will be necessary at any point more distant from the entrance of the San Juan River than eleven miles, and the bottom specimens obtained by his borings show the dredging within this limit to be very safe.

The commissioners are greatly pleased with the results of the hydrographic survey of the eastern end of Lake Nicaragua, which has just been completed by Lieut. Hanus, U.S.N., and his party of naval officers and enlisted men of the navy. In addition to the soundings, Mr. Hanus went extensively into the boring business, thereby saving the commission a very considerable expense, and making the work more favorable to the canal. No dredging will be necessary at any point more distant from the entrance of the San Juan River than eleven miles, and the bottom specimens obtained by his borings show the dredging within this limit to be very safe.

The commission is to be continued to the San Juan River, and will be completed by the end of the month.

The commission is to be continued to the San Juan River, and will be completed by the end of the month.

The commission is to be continued to the San Juan River, and will be completed by the end of the month.

THE TIMES—  
Weekly Circulation Statement.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, SS.  
Personally appeared before me, H. H. Chandler, a subscriber and director for the Times-Mirror Company, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that the daily bona fide editions of The Times for each day of the week ended March 2, 1898, were as follows:

Sunday, February 28, 1898..... 30,210  
Monday, " 29, "..... 21,289  
Tuesday, March 1, "..... 21,320  
Wednesday, " 2, "..... 21,300  
Thursday, " 3, "..... 21,300  
Friday, " 4, "..... 21,600  
Saturday, " 5, "..... 21,400

Total for the week..... 158,410  
Daily average for the week..... 22,627  
HARRY CHANDLER,  
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of March, 1898.

THOMAS L. CHAPIN,  
Notary Public in and for the County of Los Angeles, State of California.

NOTE.—THE TIMES is a seven-day paper. The above aggregate, viz., 158,410 copies, issued by us during the seven days of the past week, would, if apportioned on the basis of a six-day evening paper, give a daily average circulation for each week of 26,401 copies.

THE TIMES is the only Los Angeles paper which has regularly published, during statements of its circulation, both gross and net, weekly, monthly and yearly, during the past several years. Advertisers have the right to know the NET CIRCULATION of the medium which seeks their business, and this THE TIMES gives them, correctly, from time to time; and it furthermore guarantees that the circulation of THE TIMES regularly exceeds the combined circulation of all other Los Angeles daily newspapers.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

## Liners.

## SPECIAL NOTICES—

BOOKS OF FIRMS OR CORPORATIONS accurately written up at reasonable monthly compensation. H. H. POINDEXTER, expert accountant, 311 Wilcox Block, 12th.

WE CAN WASH YOUR WOOLENS UNDERwear and not shrink it. NEVER SHRINK: just think of the comfort of it. Telephone MAIN 2-1100. The wash is \$1.00.

LA STEAM CARPET-CLEANING CO. will clean and lay all kinds of carpets at 4c per yard all work guaranteed. 329 E. SECOND ST. Tel. main 74. 1

BINGO MAIN 212. WANT YOUR Carpet cleaned and laid again. OLD PIONEER WORKS, office 643 S. Broadway. Rob. Jordan, manager.

THE GREAT HORSE SWILKOW WILL stand this season from March 1 to July 1 at April 15, 1898, for the term of \$40 the season. J. H. WILLIAM, manager.

MASSAGE, SCALP, FACIAL TREATMENTS, ladies exclusively at cut rates. Thursdays, at ladies home. ROOM 554, Figueroa, corner Sixth and Figueroa. 11

GENUINE MUSICA AND JAVA 25c; FRESH baked daily at our stove. J. D. LEE & CO., 120 W. Fifth, bet. Spring and Main.

BOSTON DYE WORKS—WE MAKE A SPECIALTY in dry-cleaning gentlemen's clothes. 256 NEW HIGH, near Temple.

JAMES S. MACKENZIE, EXPERT ACCOUNTANT and notary public, 145 Bryson Block, corner 11th and Bryson.

REPAIRED MEN'S SOLES; 8c; ladies', 10c. 408 S. SPRING.

CHINESE AND JAPANESE HELD FURNISHED. GEO. LEM. 240 E. 1st. Tel. G 403.

BILLIARD POOL TABLES AND SUPPLIES. Brunswick-Balke Collender Co., 210 E. 4th.

KID GLOVES CLEANED AT 50 PER PAIR AT BROADWAY DEPARTMENT STORE.

WALLPAPER FOR 12-FT. ROOM, \$1. BORDER included. WALTER, 627 S. Spring.

WANTED—  
Help, Ma.

HUMMEL BROS. & CO.

EMPLOYMENT AGENTS.

A strictly first-class, reliable agency. All kinds of help promptly furnished. Your orders solicited.

300-302 W. Second st., basement, California Bank Building. Telephone 809.

(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., except Sunday.)

MEN'S DEPARTMENT.

Boy, housewife, \$3.50 week; dry goods salesman; country; milliner, \$25 etc.; rock drillers, \$2 day; railroad work; ranch hands, \$20 etc.; waiter, \$15; German, \$12; nurse girl, \$10; San Monica, \$15; girls to assist, \$10 to \$12; second girls, \$15; to \$20.

LADIES' DEPARTMENT.

Three waitresses, Arizona, \$25; pantry woman, country, \$20; laundress, Arizona, \$30 etc.; cook, \$20; waitress, \$25; dishwasher, country, \$20; waitresses, city and country, \$15.

HUMMEL BROS. & CO.

WANTED—2 GOOD MEN IN LOS ANGELES and a few in other parts of the State to take charge of our office. Good compensation \$15 to \$20. Good and steady work to the right men; no experience necessary. Address AMERICAN WOOLEN MILLS CO., Chicago. 12

WANTED—MANAGEMENT, REPRESENTATIVE; 25c; good man with \$1500 real estate office man, teamster, German rancher; assorted situations; man and wife, ranch work. \$35. EDWARD NITTINGER, 226 S. Spring.

WANTED—SALESMEN—WE MAKE \$100 a month selling our office specialties to stores; commissions: 100 per cent profit; fine side-tables. MODEL MFG. CO., Box T, South Park, Ind.

WANTED—STENOGRAHHER: A THOROUGHLY experienced stenographer by wholesale mercantile house; give references and salary expected. Address N. box 52, TIMES OFFICE. 12

WANTED—TRAVELING VIEW PHOTOGRAPHIC: want reliable man of some experience in canvassing. For particular call on HUMMEL BROS., 300-302 W. Second st. 11-13

WANTED—GOOD MAN, BUTTER EGG AND creamery business; partner; making money; well established and well known. SNOVER & MYERS, 508 S. Spring.

WANTED—HELP, BAKER: 45c week; cook, \$7.50 week; 2 German girls; house work, \$20 and \$25 month. Apply WALTERS, 408 S. Main. Tel. 536. 11

WANTED—LADIES AND GENTLEMEN brought up the art of bartending in 2 months. LOS ANGELES BARBER COLLEGE, 336 E. First st.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED RIPE-OLIVE pickler. Answer references, experience and terms. Address N. box 28, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS HOTEL BAKER, 55c etc. man, \$100. Call on HUMMEL BROS. & CO., Second and Broadway. 11

WANTED—20 ROCK DRILLERS, ARIZONA, \$2 day; we ship today; call early. HUMMEL BROS. & CO., Second and Broadway. 11

WANTED—EXPERIENCED DRY GOODS and hardware store. See HUMMEL BROS. & CO., Second and Broadway. 11

WANTED—BOY 18, WORKED IN DRY goods or clothing store and recommended. Apply early. 112 COMMERCIAL. 11

WANTED—AT ONCE, MAN FOR DELIVERY wagon; car of horse, etc.; must know city and surroundings. 11

WANTED—10 LABORERS, \$1. PER DAY and board; call early. REID & CO., 126 W. First st. 11

FOR SALE—  
Hotels, Lodging Houses.

FOR SALE—A SPECIALLY GOOD LIST OF HOTELS AND BARGAINS: 1 of 22 rooms for \$600; \$100 cash, \$100 per month. J. C. OLIVER, 218 S. Broadway. 11

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS LODGING-HOUSE, \$20 rooms; good business. Apply room 12, FREEMAN BLOCK.

WANTED—  
Help, Female.

WANTED—BY WHOLESALE COMMISSIONER—A woman, housekeeper, book-keeper, must be experienced, neat, in family, no washing; good place for extra money. \$20 per month. Call 240 S. FLOWER. Telephone white 501. 11

WANTED—A RELIABLE, COMPETENT girl for general housework; must be a good cook and exceptionally neat; in family, no washing; good place for extra money. \$20 per month. Call 240 S. FLOWER. Telephone white 501. 11

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 2525 S. Main st. Tel. red 789; first-class cook, \$30; maid, \$20; \$15, \$12, city and country; try to work; go home nights; button-hole maker. 11

WANTED—CORRESPONDENT, COPYIST, operator, trimmer, apprentice; factory help; household, real estate office. KEL. ED. N. NITTLINGER, 226 S. Spring.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED OPERATORS on shirts and stockings; inexperienced hands taught. BROWNSTEIN, NEWMAR & LOUIS, 34-36 N. Main st.

WANTED—GIRL TO WORK ON COMMISSION. \$200. Call 217 New High st. 11

WANTED—NURSES, TO DO PROFESSIONAL work during spare time. Address N. box 26, TIMES OFFICE. 11

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS FINISHER ON OILS. Call early. H. GOLDSTEIN, 334 S. Broadway. 11

WANTED—MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN TO take care of two children at 316 N. Broadway. 11

WANTED—WOMAN TO DO CHAMBER work at LOS ANGELES HOUSE, Pasadena. 11

WANTED—GIRL TO WORK ON COMMISSION. \$200. S. Spring, room 7. 11

WANTED—2 COOKS AND 2 WAITRESSES. Apply at 317 W. SECOND ST. 11

WANTED—SITUATIONS, Male.

WANTED—EXPERT BOOK-KEEPER WILL examine your books and accounts, reports also suggestions as to better methods; charges moderate; fine references. Address H. box 35, TIMES OFFICE. 11

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS, ALL-ROUND young man, well posted in the general hardware business. Address Box 5, TIMES OFFICE. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—A LICENSED ARCHITECT OF 12 years' experience in Chicago wants an opening with firm at Los Angeles. Address N. box 4, TIMES OFFICE. 11

WANTED—A POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION AS WATCHMAN OR janitor of work around wholesale house of reference. Address or call 111 S. ANDERSON ST. 11

## Reliable Business Houses Of Los Angeles.

**ADVERTISERS** ATTENTION: We are now prepared to place 3-inch additonal columns in 22 So. Main St. papers for \$10.00 per month. **NEWTON ADVERTISING CONCERN**, 324-325 Stimson Building, Phone Main 1564.

**A KRON FURNITURE CO.**, Phone Main 1145, 411 South Main St., opp. Postoffice. White Enamel Iron beds, \$15 up. Some great bargains.

**A LFAULF HAY.** 500 cartloads. Our prices are the lowest. Sale weekly. L. A. HAY STORE & MILLING CO. Cor. Third and Central Ave. Telephone M. 1594.

**A NITA BICYCLES \$35.** Milwaukee Bicycles \$25. Every wheel fully guaranteed. Honest wheels at Cuttles. A. R. MAINES, 43 South Spring St.

**CUTS FOR ADVERTISERS 25¢.** Plenty of cuts for any business at this price. Engraving by every process. Illustrate your ads. J. C. NEWITT, 324 Stimson Building.

**GOOD HAY \$14.50 A TON,** Oat or Barley, sweet and clean. \$14.50. Strictly No. 1 Alfalfa. \$14.50. Finest quality of Barley Hay in the city. C. B. PRICE & CO., 807 S. Olive, Phone M. 732.

**GUM WOOD \$7.50 PR. CD.** Save money by buying your hay and fuel of. SHATTUCK & DESMOND, 1227 Figueroa street. Tel. West 311.

**GIVING HAY AWAY!** Not quite, but when you compare our prices it seems like it. We stored our own hay and are ready to sell it.

C. B. PRICE & CO., 807 S. Olive, Phone M. 732.

**L. A. VAN TRUCK AND STORAGE CO.** Ax. S. BROADWAY. Furniture moving, packing and storing done by expert workers. Pad-ded vans and prompt work. Phone M. 573.

**RESTAURANTS--HOTELS** And other large consumers of fuel will save some money by giving us a call. W. E. CLARK, 130 S. Pearl St., Phone West 62.

**Advertisements in this column.** Terms and information can be had of J. C. NEWITT, 324-325 Stimson Building.

**HIS WIFE**

Was Cured of Dropsy

Microbe Killer cured my wife of Dropsy and Rheumatism entirely. It cured me of Kidney Trouble. A. Sherwood, 113 Seneca St., Cleveland. O. Drugs and poison fail. My wife fails, but the Microbe Killer fails and sample will cost nothing. Call or write.

**The Only Microbe Killer** Certain Remedy

216 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

**Warm Time** FOR THE Alaska Dog Team,

Just from Skagway. See them in our show window.

**KOMPLETE KLONDIKE OUTFITS**

Dogs, Fur and Mackinaw Clothing, Sleds, Yukon Stoves, Grub, Whips, Sleeping Bags; in fact, everything

**FOR ALASKA.** Wm. H. Hoegee, Tel. M. 658, 130 to 136 S. Main St.

**EXCURSIONS** WITH Dates and Departures.

ROCK ISLAND PERSONALLY-CONDUCTED tourist excursions every Tuesday via the Denver and Rio Grande "Scenic Line," and the Popular Southern Route.

Wednesday. Low rates; quick time; competent managers; Union Depot, Chicago. Our cars are the best. Special rates for New York Special, over the Lake Shore, New York Central and Boston and Albany Railways, arriving Boston, P. O. New York, 3:25. Vestibule cars, 100% of the time, with unequalled service. Office, 214 S. Spring.

**DENTISTS** And Dental Rooms.

SCHIFFMAN METHOD DENTAL CO., rooms 20 to 26, 107 N. Spring st. Patience extracting, filling, crowns and bridge-work; extra fine rubber plates. \$1 up; gold fillings, \$1 up; gold inlays, \$1 up; cleaning, \$1 up; sold 22-k gold crowns and bridge-work; \$4 up; a full set of teeth, \$5. Open evenings at 8 P. M.

ADAMS BROS. DENTAL PARLORS, 23½ S. Spring. Prices from \$4; painless, \$1.00; all work guaranteed; established 14 years. Sunday, to 12. Tel. black 1273.

DR. BALDWIN, DENTIST, SUITES 7 and 8, Grand Bldg., 255 S. B'way. Tel. green 1071.

DR. F. E. STEVENS--OPEN SUNDAYS AND evenings (electric light) 224 S. SPRING.

**PATENTS** And Patent Agents.

PATENTS FOR INVENTIONS OBTAINED, bought and sold, by DAY & DAY, 223-24 Stimson Block. Established 1848.

**HAZARD & HARPUM ATTORNEYS AND** solicitors of patents. No. 11 DOWNEY BLK.

KIGHT BROS. PATENT SOLICITORS, Tel. book on patents. 424 BYRNE BLDG.

**LOST, STRAYED,** And Found.

FOUND-HAL COLT, WITH LONG PICKET, found attached. Call 231 E. FIFTH ST. and pay charges.

FOUND-SAM THE HORSE CLIPPER, 120 N. Broadway; electric machines. Price \$1.

14

**CHIROPODISTS**—

VACY STER REMOVES CORNS AND bunions without pain. 124 W. FOURTH.

MISS STAFFER, WILSON BLK, COR. FIRST and Spring; chiropody, massage. Est. 1885.

**SPECIALISTS** Diseases Treated.

MESSAGE SCALP, FACIAL TREATMENTS, ladies exclusively at cut rates. Thursdays, at ladies' homes. ROOM 4, 554 Figueroa, cor. Sixth.

11

HAZARD & HARPUM PATENTS

## NO DUTIES ON ARMS.

**SENATOR CHANDLER WANTS THE TARIFF LIFTED.**

Introduces a Resolution to Admit Free Guns, Ammunition and Naval Supplies.

**FREE HOMES KNOCKED OUT.**

**HOUSE VOTES ON THE QUESTION OF INDIAN LANDS.**

**Motion to Ratify the Seminole Treaty is Lost--Senate Does Little Business--Bill in Miles' Interest.**

**ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.**

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Senator Chandler of New Hampshire of the Senate Naval Affairs Committee today introduced a joint resolution providing for the temporary admission, free of duty, or naval supplies procured abroad. Following is the text of the resolution:

"That such guns, ammunition and other naval supplies as may be purchased abroad by this government for the national defense prior to January 1, 1899, shall be admitted at any port of the United States free of duty."

The resolution was introduced at the request of the Secretary of the Navy, who, in a letter to Senator Hale, says:

"Under existing law, a varying but considerable ad valorem duty on articles falling within the category of naval supplies is imposed. The effect of the resolution, if adopted, would be to remove all duties upon guns, ammunition and other naval supplies, which it may be found necessary to purchase abroad. The temporary remission of duty on these supplies is deemed important, as without some special enactment of the nature and form of the appropriation made by Congress for the purpose as may be expended abroad would be very materially reduced by the deduction therefrom of duty, amounting in some cases to nearly one-half of the purchase price."

Mr. Chandler's attention to the fact that resolutions and bills of the character of the one presented ordinarily originate in the House, was willing, he said, to trust to the wisdom of the Senate to make proper disposition of the resolution. At this suggestion the resolution was referred to the Committee on Finance.

**THE NAVAL BILL.**

**ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.**

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The Naval Appropriation Bill has been practically completed by the House Committee on Naval Affairs, save as to the questions of increases in the navy, dry docks and armor plate.

Chairman Boutelle stated tonight that he might report the bill to the House Saturday, and if not it will go in early next week. There have been a few changes from the estimates, and the bill will involve in the neighborhood of \$30,000,000 aside from new vessels, dry docks and armor. The increases allowed are such as to meet the gradual development of the service. The general item for construction and repair, just passed on, aggregates \$2,500,000, identical with the estimates. This includes about \$1,000,000 a material increase in approved machinery for the shops. The amounts also are exclusive of the specific appropriations to the various construction plants, etc. There is also a horizontal appropriation pro-

vided for the building of the fort at Perry's Point.

After the Senate had passed only one bill of minor importance, it went into executive session at 6 o'clock, on motion of Dr. Day, at 8:30 p. m. The Senate adjourned until Monday.

**HOUSE.**—Rev. J. Manton Smith of Spurgeon's Tabernacle, London, Eng., delivered the invocation in the House

of the Senate.

**ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.**

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The Senate executive session nominations were then taken up, including those of some non-residents who were opposed on the ground that they violated the home-rule principle. There was a roll call upon the nomination of Charles Dekays of Texas to be agent at the Fort Apache agency in Arizona, which was agreed to. Motion was made to tax the conduct of the trust responsible for the payment to the Indians lands for the purpose of donating them to free homes. To his mind it was the act of bad faith on the part of those who had induced Congress to pass the purchase of the lands.

Mr. Day moved to accept the resolution of Chevalier, of the Legion of Honor from the President of the French Republic were passed.

Consideration of the bills on the general calendar was then begun, the first being a measure authorizing the President to take such steps as he might deem necessary to obtain an amendment to the Spanish-American Treaty, and to authorize John R. Williams, first Lieutenant of the Third Artillery, U. S. A., to accept the Legion of Honor from the President of the French Republic were passed.

The joint resolution to revive the army was reported by Mr. Warren of the Military Affairs Committee, and Mr. Cockrell (Dem.,) of Missouri said that it was not concurred in, and that the report was not unanimous.

Bills extending for three years the time for the construction of the line of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad through the Indian Territory, and to authorize John R. Williams, first Lieutenant of the Third Artillery, U. S. A., to accept the Legion of Honor from the President of the French Republic were passed.

The joint resolution changing the law relative to payments to agricultural colleges for "the sale of public lands," was ruled out on point of order.

Mr. Lacey (Rep.) of Iowa then offered his motion to amend the trust responsible for the payment to the Indians lands for the purpose of donating them to free homes. To his mind it was the act of bad faith on the part of those who had induced Congress to pass the purchase of the lands.

Mr. Day moved to accept the resolution of Chevalier, of the Legion of Honor from the President of the French Republic were passed.

Consideration of the bills on the general calendar was then begun, the first being a measure authorizing the President to take such steps as he might deem necessary to obtain an amendment to the Spanish-American Treaty, and to authorize John R. Williams, first Lieutenant of the Third Artillery, U. S. A., to accept the Legion of Honor from the President of the French Republic were passed.

The joint resolution to revive the army was reported by Mr. Warren of the Military Affairs Committee, and Mr. Cockrell (Dem.,) of Missouri said that it was not concurred in, and that the report was not unanimous.

**ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.**

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The Senate executive session nominations were then taken up, including those of some non-residents who were opposed on the ground that they violated the home-rule principle. There was a roll call upon the nomination of Charles Dekays of Texas to be agent at the Fort Apache agency in Arizona, which was agreed to. Motion was made to tax the conduct of the trust responsible for the payment to the Indians lands for the purpose of donating them to free homes. To his mind it was the act of bad faith on the part of those who had induced Congress to pass the purchase of the lands.

Mr. Day moved to accept the resolution of Chevalier, of the Legion of Honor from the President of the French Republic were passed.

**ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.**

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The Senate executive session nominations were then taken up, including those of some non-residents who were opposed on the ground that they violated the home-rule principle. There was a roll call upon the nomination of Charles Dekays of Texas to be agent at the Fort Apache agency in Arizona, which was agreed to. Motion was made to tax the conduct of the trust responsible for the payment to the Indians lands for the purpose of donating them to free homes. To his mind it was the act of bad faith on the part of those who had induced Congress to pass the purchase of the lands.

Mr. Day moved to accept the resolution of Chevalier, of the Legion of Honor from the President of the French Republic were passed.

**ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.**

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The Senate executive session nominations were then taken up, including those of some non-residents who were opposed on the ground that they violated the home-rule principle. There was a roll call upon the nomination of Charles Dekays of Texas to be agent at the Fort Apache agency in Arizona, which was agreed to. Motion was made to tax the conduct of the trust responsible for the payment to the Indians lands for the purpose of donating them to free homes. To his mind it was the act of bad faith on the part of those who had induced Congress to pass the purchase of the lands.

Mr. Day moved to accept the resolution of Chevalier, of the Legion of Honor from the President of the French Republic were passed.

**ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.**

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The Senate executive session nominations were then taken up, including those of some non-residents who were opposed on the ground that they violated the home-rule principle. There was a roll call upon the nomination of Charles Dekays of Texas to be agent at the Fort Apache agency in Arizona, which was agreed to. Motion was made to tax the conduct of the trust responsible for the payment to the Indians lands for the purpose of donating them to free homes. To his mind it was the act of bad faith on the part of those who had induced Congress to pass the purchase of the lands.

Mr. Day moved to accept the resolution of Chevalier, of the Legion of Honor from the President of the French Republic were passed.

**ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.**

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The Senate executive session nominations were then taken up, including those of some non-residents who were opposed on the ground that they violated the home-rule principle. There was a roll call upon the nomination of Charles Dekays of Texas to be agent at the Fort Apache agency in Arizona, which was agreed to. Motion was made to tax the conduct of the trust responsible for the payment to the Indians lands for the purpose of donating them to free homes. To his mind it was the act of bad faith on the part of those who had induced Congress to pass the purchase of the lands.

Mr. Day moved to accept the resolution of Chevalier, of the Legion of Honor from the President of the French Republic were passed.

**ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.**

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The Senate executive session nominations were then taken up, including those of some non-residents who were opposed on the ground that they violated the home-rule principle. There was a roll call upon the nomination of Charles Dekays of Texas to be agent at the Fort Apache agency in Arizona, which was agreed to. Motion was made to tax the conduct of the trust responsible for the payment to the Indians lands for the purpose of donating them to free homes. To his mind it was the act of bad faith on the part of those who had induced Congress to pass the purchase of the lands.

Mr. Day moved to accept the resolution of Chevalier, of the Legion of Honor from the President of the French Republic were passed.

**ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.**

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The Senate executive session nominations were then taken up, including those of some non-residents who were opposed on the ground that they violated the home-rule principle. There was a roll call upon the nomination of Charles Dekays of Texas to be agent at the Fort Apache agency in Arizona, which was agreed to. Motion was made to tax the conduct of the trust responsible for the payment to the Indians lands for the purpose of donating them to free homes. To his mind it was the act of bad faith on the part of those who had induced Congress to pass the purchase of the lands.

Mr. Day moved to accept the resolution of Chevalier, of the Legion of Honor from the President of the French Republic were passed.

**ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.**

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The Senate executive session nominations were then taken up, including those of some non-residents who were opposed on the ground that they violated the home-rule principle. There was a roll call upon the nomination of Charles Dekays of Texas to be agent at the Fort Apache agency in Arizona, which was agreed to. Motion was made to tax the conduct of the trust responsible for the payment to the Indians lands for the purpose of donating them to free homes. To his mind it was the act of bad faith on the part of those who had induced Congress to pass the purchase of the lands.

Mr. Day moved to accept the resolution of Chevalier, of the Legion of Honor from the President of the French Republic were passed.

**ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.**

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The Senate executive session nominations were then taken up, including those of some non-residents who were opposed on the ground that they violated the home-rule principle. There was a roll call upon the nomination of Charles Dekays of Texas to be agent at the Fort Apache agency in Arizona, which was agreed to. Motion was made to tax the conduct of the trust responsible for the payment to the Indians lands for the purpose of donating them to free homes. To his mind it was the act of bad faith on the part of those who had induced Congress to pass the purchase of the lands.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

PUBLISHERS OF THE

## Los Angeles Times, Daily, Sunday, Weekly.

H. G. OTIS.....President and General Manager.  
L. E. MOSHER.....Vice President.  
MARIAN OTIS-CHANDLER.....Secretary.  
ALBERT McFARLAND.....Treasurer.

Office: Times Building, First and Broadway.

Counting Room and Subscription Department, first floor.....Main 25  
Editorial Rooms, third floor.....Main 25  
City Editor and local news room, second floor.....Main 25

Founded Dec. 4, 1881.

Eighteenth Year

## The Los Angeles Times

Every Morning in the Year.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT SERVICE—OVER 22,000 MILES OF LEASED WIRES  
AND FROM 18,500 TO 21,000 WIRED WORDS DAILY.DAILY AND SUNDAY, 50 cents a month, or \$5.00 a year; DAILY WITHOUT SUNDAY, \$7.50  
a year; SUNDAY, \$2.50; WEEKLY, \$1.50.Sworn Circulation: Daily Net Average for 1897.....12,114  
Daily Average for 1896.....18,091  
Daily Average for 12 months of 1897.....19,258  
Sunday Average for 12 months of 1897.....25,361

NEARLY 600,000 COPIES A MONTH.

Entered at the Los Angeles Post Office for transmission as second-class mail matter

## AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

LOS ANGELES—Black Patti's Troubadours, ORPHEUM—Vaudeville, BURBANK—Ten Nights in a Bar-room.

WARNING.  
Advertisers and others are hereby notified that The Times is not soliciting advertisements for or publishing any booklets, directories or any other advertising "scheme," and has no solicitors in the field canvassing for advertisements for any publication except The Times. These are provided with proper credentials. Parties claiming to represent The Times and solicit advertisements for any "fake" advertising schemes in the name of The Times are impostors.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

## THE "TIMES'" MIDWINTER NUMBER.

The largest, the best-arranged and most brilliantly illustrated; the most thorough, accurate and comprehensive; the most luminous, interesting and informing; the most picturesque, potent and graphic issue ever sent out from this office.

Printed in the new magazine style; 84 pages and cover. Price 10 cents per copy; postage extra, to be paid by the sender. Copies will be mailed, when requested, from this office to any part of the United States, Canada or Mexico for 13 cents each, postpaid. Send list of names and addresses plainly written, together with the money, and your orders will be carefully filled.

(See list of contents in other columns.) The matter is not ephemeral, but of permanent value. The Midwinter Number will be timely for six months to come.

## IRISH-AMERICANS.

There has been some idle talk to the effect that in the event of a war with Spain, the Irish-American Catholics in the United States would side with Spain. If any answer were needed to this absurd claim, it is furnished in the report of the proceedings of a large gathering of Irish-Americans at Denver, on March 6. Delegates were present at the meeting from every Irish-American organization in the State of Colorado, the occasion of the gathering being the centennial anniversary of the Irish rebellion of 1798.

The principal orator was Rev. T. H. Malone. In the course of his remarks he referred to the recent speech of Father Weber, a priest of Rondout, N. Y., who declared that in case of war with Spain it would be the duty of American Catholics to uphold the cause of Spain, and said:

"As Irishmen and Irish-Americans, our cordial sympathy goes out to all people struggling for freedom. As Irish Catholics we cannot too severely condemn the words of that misguided priest in New York who said it was the duty of Catholics to support Spain in a conflict with this country. We stand for America against every other country on earth, and the prompt disclaimer of the great Archbishop of New York for responsibility for his priest's utterance, meets a hearty response from the Catholics of the West."

These sentiments were greeted with enthusiastic and hearty applause from the audience. Other speakers expressed similar sentiments. There is no doubt that they were genuine. The bonds of patriotism are stronger than those of religious organization. Irish-Americans are among the most loyal citizens of the republic, and to question their loyalty is an injustice and an insult. If the supreme test of fealty comes, as it may come in the near future, no class of citizens will respond to their country's call with more alacrity than will the Irish-Americans of the United States. The proof of this statement will be forthcoming as the needs of the country become manifest.

In addition to the other scrubs and crows who write anonymous letters to THE TIMES, there is the ignorant and abusive French canaille, who does not like some of the observations that this newspaper has made with reference to the Zola case. It is to the satisfaction of France and to the misfortune of America that this class of cattle is here, and not breaking windows in Paris along with that mob which has been making a spectacle of itself to the disgust of every fair-minded, justice-loving and peace-preserving man in the world.

The Spanish Cabinet is said to be very cool over the situation and that in that body "all is peaceful and calm." This is certainly the part of wisdom. If Señor Sagasta and his associates cannot keep cool, any other way, they would better go out and sit on the ice, rather than to get

Mason of Illinois appears to be the Bovoporus Bowers of the United States Senate.

Even should the Spanish war cloud blow over, we still have the Eastern question on hand as a prospective news morsel of more than ordinary juiciness.

We do not hear much from the insurgents just now, but it is safe to assume that they are uttering many a joyful chuckle over the situation as it stands.

So far the Secretary of War has shown no evidence that he intends to veto that \$50,000,000 appropriation, and we ought to be thankful for that.

The yellow newspapers are going to be valuable as curios after it is all over, but as dispensers of information they are not worth a whoop in hades.

It will be quite a surprise if the New York Journal does not claim that Willie Hearst is really the fellow who is going to put up that \$50,000,000.

We used to think that the late Mr. Pizarro was a rather tough citizen, but he was not in the same class with Weyler as a brutal monster.

If the pictures in the newspapers are reliable, the suit of a submarine diver is the ideal garb for a seven-eighths back in a football team.

San Diego's battleship, Pinta, is somewhat unlucky, but it hasn't as yet undertaken to make any overland trips on the trail of the Texas.

The fiesta this year is to illustrate the "stories of gold," but in order to do justice to the "stories of fish."

The Loud Bill was knocked out in the House, but we cannot hope for any such a streak of luck with loud Bill Mason in the Senate.

It begins to look as if some dastardly Spaniard pressed the button and the harbor mine did the rest.

War and rumors of war have no frightful significance whatever to a man who has the toothache.

There is one thing we seem to be able to fuse on in this country, and that is the war question.

Spain is respectfully requested to take notice that that \$50,000,000 is merely a starter.

Let us hope that the Secretary of War will not veto that \$50,000,000 appropriation bill.

Spain appears to be much more successful in borrowing trouble than she is money.

W. J. Bryan is now frolicking around in the cotton belt at the usual \$1500 a frolic.

The preliminary horror of war is, as usual, being furnished by the poets.

The cause of Cuba libre looms up majestically in the near distance.

This is an excellent time for Spain to play merely a thinking part.

About the time the shells begin dropping out of Spanish mortars, a good many of the jingoes who have been howling for war will be out in the brush looking for olive branches and things.

The Sacramento Bee says truly that "about all there is left now of Spain is her history" and much of that, it may be added, is not such as to make a native of that country unduly proud.

When both the House of Representatives and the Senate are unanimously for a proposition, it is about time for the American people to begin to think better of each other.

Before our sailors are sent to Havana, if all accounts of the smells of that harbor are true, they ought to make a few trips on the Chicago River in order to become acclimated.

John Wanamaker is going to run for Governor of the Keystone State, and the politicians will now be afforded some lessons in advertising that should be found very valuable.

Señor Don Louis Polo y Bernabe, the new Spanish Minister to the United States, has arrived in Washington. The proof of this statement will be forthcoming as the needs of the country become manifest.

The staid and sober Philadelphia Ledger says that "Senator Billy Mason is too ecapacious." We knew all the time what ailed him, but couldn't think of the name of it.

A statistician has figured out that it costs \$7,000 to kill one man. We know plenty of them that are not worth the outlay, whom it would be cheap to kill at \$14,000.

The gentlemen who do California politics at long range from Washington, should be furnished with maps, diagrams and specifications, and also a few pounds of brains.

Despite all the war talk, no one is breaking any Spanish windows in this country, and chile con carne retains its place in the menu of the restaurants on wheels.

We dislike to say anything so severe about any man, but really Billy

## VIGOROUS PREPARATIONS

## ENERGETIC WORK BEING DONE FOR LA FIESTA.

Programme of Events Has Been Adopted—Her Majesty's Caballeros and Lancers Will Organize at Once—Contributions to the Fund.

Preparations for La Festa are being pushed with vigor. The Festa Committee is up to the ears in work and every effort is being made to get every part of the machinery running smoothly.

Yesterday the committee awarded to the Los Angeles Lithographing Company the contract for publishing the poster designs previously accepted. The committee decided to receive designs and bids for the official committee badge up to March 17. Bids for the official programme, stationery and buttons are coming in rapidly. They will be opened on March 15.

The committee has adopted a programme of events for fiesta week, and it will be submitted to the Committee of Thirty for ratification.

The work of the fiduciaries began in earnest yesterday at Washington Gardens.

The caballeros and lancers, whose gallant array forms so picturesque a part of the carnival pageant, will be organized this week.

A number of the fiduciaries are still incomplete, but each will receive its quota as soon as the right men can be secured. Fawcett Robinson was appointed yesterday a member of the Committee on Floats, and A. B. Benbow was added to the Tribunes Committee.

The merchants of the city will do well to lay in a liberal supply of confetti, cascades and paper streamers. They will be in great demand when the money-makers take possession of the city, and the reign of La Festa begins.

The fiesta fund continued to grow with great assiduity daily. The benefit which is to be given on Saturday at Agricultural Park will doubtless make a general addition to the fund.

The amount subscribed to The Times lists up to date are as follows:

Previously signed.....\$6,220.00

Times-Mirror Company.....\$500.00

A. Hauberg, Son (addi-)

tional to \$125 already given).....\$125.00

O. K. Liveray.....\$10.00

George D. Ruddy.....\$5.00

F. L. Moore.....\$10.00

Hotchkiss, Hotel (conditional).....\$250.00

M. A. Newmark &amp; Co. (condi-)

tional).....\$50.00

L. A. Traction Co.....\$200.00

Lucien T. Glassell.....\$5.00

Grand Central Hotel.....\$5.00

Steinway &amp; Kirschner.....\$5.00

A. W. Ellington.....\$25.00

Hotel Brainerd.....\$5.00

J. R. Vogel.....\$10.00

John H. Jones.....\$5.00

Westminster Stables.....\$5.00

John Schlesinger (conditional).....\$5.00

William Budinger, Pandaria.....\$5.00

M. L. Lavelenthal.....\$2.50

Charles Gollmer (additional to \$10 subscription).....\$5.00

A. V. Vining (additional to \$10 subscription).....\$5.00

George P. Taylor.....\$25.00

T. E. Gilford (additional).....\$20.00

Edwin C. Christensen.....\$20.00

W. H. Wilson.....\$10.00

L. B. Behymer.....\$10.00

Rev. John Gray.....\$5.00

Easton, Eldridge &amp; Co. (addi-)

tional).....\$25.00

D. H. Morrison.....\$5.00

T. L. Tally (additional).....\$5.00

Hamman Baths.....\$10.00

Frank G. Henderson.....\$2.00

The Whirlwind.....\$2.00

Curtis-Nash Adv. Co. (addi-)

tional).....\$2.00

University Courier.....\$2.00

Godfrey &amp; Moore.....\$10.00

Lloyd Scoover Iron Co. (addi-)

tional).....\$25.00

A. T. Currier.....\$25.00

Alvey &amp; Co. (addi-)

Mullen &amp; Blust Clothing Co. (addi-)

tional).....\$100.00

Blanchard Piano Co. (addi-)

tional).....\$100.00

Christopher &amp; Sparks (addi-)

tional).....\$100.00

John Melzcer &amp; Co. (addi-)

tional).....\$100.00

H. W. Metcalf (double if nec-)

essary).....\$25.00

Canby Christensen.....\$2.00

Gregory Perkins, Jr.....\$5.00

C. F. A. Last.....\$5.00

Pac, Crockery and Tinware Co. (addi-)

tional).....\$25.00

L. A. Furniture Co. (addi-)

tional).....\$25.00

D. E. Spangler.....\$5.00

R. W. Waddecker.....\$5.00

J. D. Westervelt.....\$2.00

George H. Shafer.....\$5.00

L. A. Theater Costume Co. (addi-)

tional).....\$10.00

Single W. U. Tel. Co. by E. A. Beardlee office mgr. (addi-)

C. F. Heinzman.....\$5.00

F. Kerkow.....\$5.00

F. Meyer.....\$5.00

P. Roques.....\$5.00

**The Times**

## THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU. Los Angeles, March 10.—[Reported by George E. Franklin, Local Forecast Official.] At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 29.70; at 5 p.m., 29.70. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 48 deg and 56 deg. Relative humidity, 56 per cent; 5 p.m., 71 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., east; 5 p.m., north. Velocity, 3 miles per hour. Maximum temperature, 56 deg; minimum temperature, 47 deg. Character of weather, 5 a.m., rain; 5 p.m., partly cloudy. Rainfall past 24 hours, 0.68; rainfall for season, 4.80. Barometer at sea level.

Temperature.—Maximum temperature, March 9; minimum temperature, March 10;

Max. Min. Max. Min. Boston ... 40 Chicago ... 64 34 Kansas City ... 54 36 Buffalo ... 62 44 New York ... 62 38 Pittsburgh ... 66 46 Washington ... 58 42 Cincinnati ... 66 46

DRY BULB TEMPERATURE.

Los Angeles ... 48 San Francisco ... 50 San Diego ... 52 Portland ... 32

WEATHER CONDITIONS.—A storm of slight energy prevails from the San Joaquin Valley southward, but as yet the precipitation has been light, and it is probable that the storm will pass eastward during the night without having reached its maximum. Indications are that the storm will be followed by much cooler weather, with frosts tonight. There has been a general fall in temperature west of the Missouri River; freezing weather prevails from the mountains eastward, and in Oregon and Washington, where there were frosts this morning.

FORECAST.—Local forecast for Los Angeles and vicinity: Showers tonight, followed by fair weather Friday; cooler tonight.

WEATHER FORECAST: SAN FRANCISCO, March 10.—For Southern California: Cloudy Friday, with showers early Friday morning in southwestern portion; continued cold weather; northerly changing to westerly winds.

## ALL ALONG THE LINE.

When a soldier is too old to march at his country's call he cannot be in better business than training strong young recruits to take his place. The San Diego veterans who are giving the boys the benefit of their experience thirty years ago are doing valuable service in their honored old age.

"Black death" is what the miners call the dread disease that strikes them down within a few hours on the ice fields of Alaska. Black death it is, and the blackest kind, to perish of cold and famine up there in the gloomy Arctic night, all for the sake of gold as fatal as the hoard of Nibelung.

Riverside's bony bounty may not be such bad business move after all. Missouri has started rabbit farms and canning factories, and a little enterprise might work off Riverside's rabbit crop into delectable and profitable kitty stew. California has no business to be outside by any lantern-jawed native of Pike county.

The floating population that vibrates between Los Angeles and Pasadena will bless the reorganizers of the electric railway for one thing, at least. Those new generators will do away with the present system of crowded cars that are few and far between, and will generate much good temper in the patrons of the road, in addition to power for a better service of cars.

The San Francisco Bulletin says: "Some people seem to wonder at the calmness with which Theodore Figue received the verdict declaring him guiltless of the crime of murder. Considering that there are still nine serious charges standing against him, sufficient, if he should be convicted on all of them, to send him to prison for about five hundred years, it is not so very strange that he did not turn a hairspring for joy."

The Fresno Expositor announces: "Yesterday the last mile of wire of the power line between Fresno and Hiantord, which the San Joaquin Electric Company has been constructing, was put in place. The line is now ready for use. It will be two or three weeks, however, before the extension is in operation. The extension is caused by the electric-supply company being unable to supply the motors and step-down transformers in time. The necessary machinery will be here in the course of a fortnight, however, when the line will be put into operation. This is the longest transmission line in the United States, and electricians are watching the outcome of the venture with much interest."

## LAST OPPORTUNITY.

Times Century Club Offer Still Open.

Those not Already in Should Lose No Time.

At the earnest solicitation of many of our readers to enter our Century Club, we have made arrangements with the Century company to allow us a few more sets of their great work, the Century Encyclopedia and Dictionary, to be distributed at the regular wholesale price. Most of these have already been sold, and many of our readers have expressed themselves as desirous of owning the work.

"This is the time to act. Send in the inquiry blank, and get a particular set. These are positively the last sets we can offer on such easy terms.

The wholesale price and small monthly payments make it possible for every home to own a set of the Century.

INQUIRY BLANK.

Do not own the Century Encyclopedia and Dictionary, but would like to learn particulars of your club plan and receive sample of the work.

Name.....

Occupation.....

Business address.....

Residence.....

Times Century Club.

## HERE YOU ARE.

The Times has just received a consignment of very fine Rand & McNally pocket maps of Alaska and the Klondike district; shows all mining districts and routes. The very latest. Price at the counter or by mail, only 25 cents.

POULTRY AND PET STOCK ASSOCIATION

At Santa Barbara, March 9 to 12, inclusive. Reduced rates in effect going 9th to 12th, inclusive, good for return until Tuesday, March 15, inclusive. Tickets \$3.50 round trip. Take Southern Pacific Company Shore Line, leaving Los Angeles 8:05 a.m. and 4:00 p.m.

## NEARLY HALF RATES EAST.

We ship household goods in mixed car lots. The Van and Storage Co., 436 S. Spring.

SPECIAL: 25¢ bicycle hose, all sizes, at 10¢ for Saturday only, at Spears, No. 201 North Spring street.

## A NEW CHARTER.

MUCH TALK BUT WORK WAS CONTINUED OVER.

Each Organization Represented Last Night is to Offer a Name for the Board of Freeholders at the Next Meeting.

About seventy delegates were present at the meeting held in the Southern California Music Hall last evening that was called to take the necessary steps toward selecting a board of freeholders to prepare a new city charter.

C. C. Wright called the meeting to order, and having briefly stated the object of the meeting the roll of delegates was called when it was found that the following ten organizations were represented: League for Better City Government, Chamber of Commerce, Board of Trade, Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association, Republican, Democratic and Populist parties, Jeffersonian Society, Silver Republicans and Council of Labor.

The first business taken up was the election of a chairman, the names of W. C. Patterson and H. W. Frank being put in nomination. Upon the roll being called Patterson was declared elected with 32 votes to 30 cast for Frank.

The names of Petchner, Carlson, Fisher and Stewart were placed in nomination for secretary, but the various names were withdrawn in favor of C. Petchner, who was declared elected.

A letter was read from the School Teachers' Alliance, wherein it was asked that the delegates from the organization be given seats in the meeting. The delegation was permitted to remain, but was not allowed to present them and the following were given seats as properly delegated: J. B. Millard, M. C. Bettinger, W. H. Housh, Superintendent of Schools, Foshay and Deputy Superintendent Enshay.

These preliminary matters having been nicely settled, the flow of words began. In every assemblage of a political or semi-political character there are always a few good old stand-bys who have both the ability and the inclination to cut loose and talk just for the sake of talking. The most prominent of these was C. P. Petchner, who was the first to speak to the rule. There were two or three champions present, and if they didn't fully unlimber their tongues it was not any excess of modesty on their part that saved the meeting the infliction.

Hutchison, from the Eighth Ward, first met the floor and was allowed to speak. No one opposed, nor when a small voice was lifted up in any dissent. Gen. Forman moved that each of these parties be allowed five delegates and the motion carried.

No one noticed it at the time, but the addition of these two delegations just made up the hoodoo number—thirteen.

M. C. Conkling moved that committee of five be appointed by the chair to prepare a resolution to the effect that the election of a chairman be delayed until the election of a new charter.

Conkling offered as a substitute motion that the committee suggested by Maj. Lee report the names for the Board of Freeholders a week hence.

A labor representative said he was in a state of mental obscurity. He had understood that the meeting was called not only to nominate freeholders, but to elect a charter. He was understood as to be in a meeting having such a big contract on hand, and discussion on the motion of Maj. Lee was referred.

Mr. Fisk offered an amendment to the motion that instead of delegating from each organization nominating a delegate to each organization, and referring back to each delegation, would return with the nominee of its particular organization. Gen. Forman said the law specifically required that the Board of Freeholders be made up nearly as possible from the several political parties, and in this case there are not more than, at most, four parties. Nevertheless, Maj. Lee accepted the amendment, and Conkling withdrawing his substitute, the motion was carried.

Conkling offered as a substitute motion that the committee suggested by Maj. Lee report the names for the Board of Freeholders a week hence.

M. C. Conkling moved that the meeting be adjourned until the following evening.

Resolved, that it is the sense of this meeting that steps should be taken as early as practicable for the purpose of formulating and submitting to the electors of this city a charter better adapted to our needs than the present one.

Resolved, that the chairman of this meeting be authorized to appoint a committee of five who shall prepare an address to the City Council reciting the adoption of the foregoing resolution by this meeting, setting forth the defects in the present charter, and the advantages to be gained by its early amendment and requesting the Council to call an election for a Board of Freeholders to frame a new charter.

Upon being put to the vote, it was carried. Acting in accordance with the terms of resolution, the chairman appointed as a committee to prepare the address referred to the committee that had formulated the resolution.

The meeting then adjourned to meet next Thursday evening.

Dogcatchers Acquited.

The deputy dog-catchers, Will Vacher and T. Tierney, were acquitted of the charge of battery yesterday by Justice Morrison. Mrs. Banning of Vine street, the complaining witness, talked entirely too much for the good of her cause. The court found that her language was neither elegant nor chaste and that the alleged battery consisted of nothing more than being pushed away as she attempted to choke one of the deputies who was trying to catch her pet dog.

GLIMMSES OF ALASKA.

If you want to see what Alaska and the "Klondyke" looks like, call on or address The Times and get one of our new Book of Views, just out. The only genuine collection, compiled by Neagh Wilson, the explorer. Price only 25 cents mailed or at the counter.

BROWN'S HOT AIR FURNACE.

Fits the climate and pocketbook. Heating houses, halls, etc., a specialty. 122 E. Fourth.

RAND & MCNAULY'S official map of Alaska with cover for 25 cents at the Times counting-halls, or mailed to any address for the same price.

## Look Before You Leap.

It may be possible that you have formed an idea that all the dealers in town are going out of business or going to move or dissolve partnerships, and generously offer to bequeath their stocks to the public at 50¢ on the dollar. That is a mistaken idea, if you entertain it. We haven't sold any goods at a loss during January or February, and neither has anybody else. It's easy enough for any firm to put a lot of plunder on sale at any price, but that kind of goods are dear at any price. We don't carry trash, but we will positively agree to meet any price made on good honest goods and even go them one better. We're cash buyers and sellers. Our money opens all markets. No lot of shirts or underwear is too large, if the quality is there and the prices right. We make a specialty of shirts and underwear.

Are you with us?

**Silverwood**

THE CASH FURNISHER,  
124 South Spring Street.

JUST RECEIVED

PARIS, By Emile Zola.

Translated by E. A. Vizetelly. Two Volumes. Price \$2.00.

The above work completes the "Trilogy of the Three Cities"—Lourdes, Rome and Paris.

For Parker's 246 South Broadway.

(Near Public Library.)

The largest, most varied and most complete stock of Books west of Chicago.

Children's White and Colored Hats, variety of fabrics, latest designs of the season. 50¢ to \$4.50 each

Children's Sun Bonnets, white and colored dotted Swiss, trimmed with lace and embroidery. 25¢ to \$1.00 each

Children's Dresses.

Children's Wool Mixed Dresses, latest styles, trimmed with braid, ages 2 to 6 years. Each 75¢

Misses' Dresses, novelty wool mixtures, military braid, full skirts, ages 4 to 12 years. Each \$1.25

Misses' Dresses, elegant braid trimmings made in the best possible manner. Each \$1.50

ages 4 to 14 years.

Reefers and Jackets.

Children's Jackets, fancy mixtures, Soutache braid, blouse front, Empire back, ages 2 to 6 years. \$2.25

Children's Jackets, cadet blue and cardinal, hand-some braid trimmings, double collar. Each \$2.50

Children's Jackets, handsome novelty wool mixtures, sailor collars, Empire back. Each \$3.00

Children's Jackets, plain colored cloths, blouse back, straight front with belt, braid trimmings. Each \$4.50

Extra Special.

We have just received from a New York designer his entire sample collection of genuine hand-made

FRENCH DRESSES FOR INFANTS AND CHILDREN.

In White and Colored Victoria, Lawn, Persian Lawn, French Batiste, Dotted Swiss, India Mulls, Bishop's Lawn, Striped and Checked Nainsook, French Zephyrs, etc. These goods are trimmed with real Valentines and Duchesse lace.

Ages 6 Months to 12 Years.

We place the entire collection on sale today

AT HALF PRICE.

208-210 South Spring Street, Wilcox Building.

**H. JEVNE**

A good Cigar is a great personal comfort and the better the cigar the greater the comfort. *El Principe de Gales* is the Cigar you are looking for—*at Jevne's Cigar Counter.*

208-210 South Spring Street, Wilcox Building.

CONSUMPTION CURED. Dr. W. Harrison Ballard, 415½ S. Spring St.

SEND FOR COPYRIGHTED "TREATISE ON CONSUMPTION."

BANKS.

Oldest and Largest Bank in Southern California.

FARMERS' and MERCHANTS' BANK of LOS ANGELES, CAL.

Capital (paid up) \$500,000.00 Surplus and Reserve \$75,000.00

DIRECTORS: W. H. Ferry, T. J. Childs, J. F. Francis, C. E. Thom, I. W. Stoll.

Interest Paid on Term and Ordinary Money Loaned on First-class Real Estate.

GERMAN AMERICAN SAVINGS BANK.

N. E. COR. MAIN AND SECOND STREETS, LOS ANGELES, CAL.

Capital Paid Up \$100,000. Surplus and Undivided Profits \$45,500.

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS: VICTOR PONET, Pres.; L. W. BLINN, First Vice-Pres.; N. W. LINN, Second Vice-Pres.; M. A. AVERA, Cashier; P. F. SCHUMACHER, Asst. Cashier; E. F. P. T. JOHNSTON, C. A. KELLY, H. W. STOLL.

Interest Paid on deposits. Loans on approved real estate.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CALIFORNIA.

Capital Paid Up in Gold Coins \$500,000.00 BRYSON BLOCK.

OFFICERS: J. J. WOODLAW, Pres.; J. P. F. Warren, Vice-Pres.; V. F. P. Lewis, Cashier.

Interest Paid on deposits. Safe-deposit boxes for rent.

A. H. CONGER, Suite 321 Wilcox Bldg.

Dealer in Municipal, School and Corporation Bonds, Local Bank Stocks, and Negotiator of Real Estate Mortgages. Money to loan and financial trusts executed.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA SAVINGS

THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

## IN GOOD CONDITION.

## PARK FUNDS SHOW A SATISFACTORY BALANCE.

## Commissioners Discuss the Appointment of a Special Patrolman for Griffith Park.

## EXPERT TESTIMONY BEGINS.

## ENGINEERS ON THE STAND IN THE CITY'S WATER SUIT.

## Heavy Damage Suit Against the Main-street Railroad on Trial. A Boy Arraigned for Petty Larceny.

The Park Commissioners met in regular session yesterday. Some time was devoted to the discussion of appointing a mounted patrolman to protect the birds and timber of Griffith Park, but no action was taken.

The monthly report of the secretary showed the park funds to be in excellent condition.

The testimony on the city's water fight began yesterday to develop really interesting features. The expert testimony began, and Engineer F. D. Schuyler in giving his opinion regarding the various disputed points, aroused interest that had been somewhat lulled by the plethora of figures previously given.

A heavy damage suit against the Main-street railroad is on trial before a jury in Judge Clark's department.

Earl Haver, a seventeen-year-old boy, was arraigned yesterday on a charge of petty larceny.

AT THE CITY HALL.

## A GUARDIAN NEEDED.

## CUSTODIAN TO BE APPOINTED FOR GRIFFITH PARK.

## Park Commissioners Defer Action, but Will Probably Make the Appointment—Funds in Excellent Condition—Echo Park Boating Privileges.

Matters incident to Griffith Park occupied much of yesterday's session of the Park Commissioners. The request of the donor of the park that a mounted patrolman be appointed to prevent the depredations of sportsmen and timber thieves, was discussed at some length. Various suggestions were made, and the names of Ben Eaton, George W. Lockwood and Pindar F. Wood were mentioned for the position. No action was taken, however, as all the commissioners were not present.

Ernest G. Pance presented a petition asking for permission to erect "chutes" at Westlake Park. The Commissioners did not look with favor upon the petition, and it was filed.

Superintendent Garey reported that a considerable amount of cord-wood had been taken from Elysian Park, the receipts aggregating about \$450. The superintendent also reported that Herman Speh, the holder of the Echo Park Lake boating privileges, had arranged with W. C. Henry to care for the boats and attend the wants of the patrons. Speh has failed to attend to his business in Elysian Park. Superintendent notified Speh that he must keep some one in attendance at the boathouse, and care for his boats, or remove them from the lake. W. C. Henry is the man selected to assume charge of the lake boating privilege.

Some donations were made and resolutions of thanks to the donors were adopted.

The Commissioners instructed Superintendent Garey to inform the Zanja Committee of the City Council that the Commission had agreed to purchase 1100 feet of pressure pipe at 33 cents per foot for piping water into Holman Park. It is provided the balance of the pipe necessary is furnished by the Zanja Department.

The monthly report of Secretary Mendenhall showed that the funds of the department are in good condition. The total appropriation for the current fiscal year was \$3,375,86, from which probably about \$1000 must be deducted on account of failure to collect taxes in full. The department has expended \$3,646.31 in the eight months of the year that have already elapsed. The average monthly expenditure has been \$400, so that the unexpected balance of the appropriation, making allowance for shrinkage as mentioned, is \$2,731.65. This balance would permit a monthly expenditure of over \$5000 during the four months remaining.

To Improve Orchard Avenue. A petition has been filed asking that Orchard avenue be improved from Thirteenth street to Jefferson avenue.

## ROCKY NO LONGER.

## Rough Way for Merchant Kaufman

Made Smooth.

The road which H. Kaufman is traveling is not so "rocky" after all. A few days ago it appeared that the way that stretched out before him led straight to the penitentiary. But through what appears to be his official blunder or connivance, the path to State's prison has been closed and Kaufman may continue to do business at the old stand.

Kaufman is proprietor of the Workman's Friend Clothing Store on North Main street. Detectives have had him under surveillance on suspicion of receiving stolen goods, and about two weeks ago Detectives Steele and Goodman arrested him on that charge.

The evidence by which they expected to conviction was furnished them by William Rocky, a young man whom they had arrested for burglary. Rocky was found in Kaufman's possession, and the detectives expressed themselves as being confident that they had a "dead sure case" against the merchant.

Rocky, the burglar, was given a prompt preliminary examination, was charged with the crime, and without any needless delay, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to the penitentiary. Then, regardless of the fact that his testimony was needed in the case against Kaufman, Rocky was hustled off to the Folsom prison.

This important witness being out of the way, Kaufman had little to fear of prosecution on the charge of receiving stolen goods. His examination took place yesterday before Justice Owens and resulted in his speedy discharge.

as without Rocky's testimony there was no evidence on which to hold him.

## A VICIOUS WOMAN.

She Tried to Stab a Policeman Who Attempted to Arrest Her.

Early yesterday evening the landlady of the lodging house over the Wells-Fargo Express office at Third and Main streets sent for a patrolman. Officer Rico responded, and the landlady explained that she had a female lodger in her house who was drunk and raising a disturbance. The officer went to the room indicated and found Ella James, a member of the demi-monde, fighting drunk, and with her was John Neal, a messenger boy, who was also drunk.

As Rico entered the room to arrest the woman she rushed at him with a dagger having a 6-inch blade. He dodged the blow and shoved the woman against the wall. The woman fell against the knife and broke the handle, but the blade still held. She then pried with the infuriated woman and wrested the knife from her, but had a struggle to get her downstairs. The messenger boy, who was in full uniform, claimed that he had been called and was on the room on business only, but he had been there long enough to get drunk on liquor that he went outside and brought in.

Both parties were booked as drunk at the station. The boy Neal comes from a good family here.

AT THE COURT HOUSE.

## THE HEAVY THUNDER.

## ENGINEER T. D. SCHUYLER GIVES EXPERT TESTIMONY.

He Explains Why the Underflow Can not Be Tapped Without Affecting the River's Surface Flow. Some Technical Deductions.

What may be defined as the preparatory or foundation testimony in the city's water suit against the Crystal Springs Water Company et al. has all been put in, and yesterday the expert testimony began. Not that expert testimony has not previously been offered, for almost all of the testimony given has been of an expert character, but heretofore witnesses have been testifying to measurements and facts and figures upon which the city's case rests. All these tabulations of measurements, etc., now being in it for the engineers to give testimony, and from the facts deduce other facts which will convey to the mind of the court a clear-cut presentation of the contentions raised by the city.

Yesterday J. D. Schuyler was upon the witness-stand almost the entire day. He is by age and experience well qualified, as is dean of the corps of engineers appearing for the city. He has been connected with some of the most extensive engineering works in the Southwest, and is a shining light in consultation. Engineer Fred Eaton is next on the list, and his forte may be said to be on half-way ground between Mr. Schuyler and Mr. Lippincott, in that he is a water engineer, and who has made a specialty of certain phases of hydraulic engineering. Fred Eaton does light skirmishing duty, and besides being eminently practical, has a long and intimate knowledge of the Los Angeles River. City Engineer Davelle is playing general utility, and has not been recalled more than once, and will be again upon the witness-stand later in the case. These are the main expert witnesses for the plaintiff, and the examination of Engineer Schuyler yesterday was both prolonged and apparently exhaustive.

He has testified that the proposition advanced by Mr. Chapman regarding the possibility of withdrawing from the under flow and still maintaining the surface flow, Mr. Schuyler stated that the capacity of the underflow depends on the voids (capacity of the water along the plane of saturation being reduced, the surface of the river being raised).

Mr. Chapman, who is representing the defendant, would not concede the point contending that with the withdrawal of 3000 inches the pressure of the water along the plane of saturation being reduced, the surface of the river would be raised.

In answer to the interrogations of Mr. Dunn on redirect, the witness gave it as his opinion that the mere fact of a succession of dry or wet years would not and did not affect the diversion from the river by the filtration.

With regard to the Glascott tributary, he said that the water plane at that point was in the nature practically of a ridge, and very similar to the sand blow-out.

The surface flow, from the contour marked on the map as 400, then drains both ways from the water plane.

Being asked upon the proposition advanced by Mr. Chapman regarding the possibility of withdrawing from the under flow and still maintaining the surface flow, Mr. Schuyler stated that the capacity of the underflow depends on the voids (capacity of the water along the plane of saturation being reduced, the surface of the river being raised).

It was 4:30 o'clock when Mr. Schuyler was retired from the stand and Engineer Fred Eaton was put forward just to testify about the old Beaudry water system. He testified that the open water pipe had ended in a curve in Alameda street and that ultimately pumping had to be stopped for fear of pumping sewerage.

A. Q. Campbell, who handled the second meter in taking measurements with Engineer Lippincott along the river, was upon the stand, but all of his testimony was stipulated in, inasmuch as his evidence would have merely been a duplicate of the engineer's.

A PIONEER NEAR DEATH'S DOOR.

Frank House's Condition at High-land is Critical.

Word was received from Highland yesterday that Frank House, who was formerly employed in the Court-house and is well-known here, is hardly expected to live longer than a few days. He suffered an apoplectic stroke yesterday morning, after which he relapsed into a state of unconsciousness. This is the third stroke of the kind that he has had recently.

Mr. House was a pioneer in Los Angeles and has many friends here. Of late years he has resided at Alameda, where he has accumulated large property interests. About two months ago he went to the Highland Asylum as a private patient, where he has been attended by his own nurse.

SAYS HE TOOK THE GOLD.

Earl Haver Arrested for Stealing \$40 from Mrs. Thomas.

Earl Haver, 17 years old, was arraigned before Justice Young in the Township Court yesterday on a charge of petty larceny. His trial was set for the 18th inst.

Mrs. H. C. Thomas, who is complaining at 918 Blaine street, is the mother of William Rocky, a young man whom they had arrested for burglary. Rocky confessed his crime and said Kaufman had purchased plunder of the value of \$75 from him, knowing it was stolen property. Arthur Lippincott, Rocky was found in Kaufman's possession, and the detectives expressed themselves as being confident that they had a "dead sure case" against the merchant.

Rocky, the burglar, was given a prompt preliminary examination, was charged with the crime, and without any needless delay, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to the penitentiary.

Then, regardless of the fact that his testimony was needed in the case against Kaufman, Rocky was hustled off to the Folsom prison.

This important witness being out of the way, Kaufman had little to fear of prosecution on the charge of receiving stolen goods. His examination took place yesterday before Justice Owens and resulted in his speedy discharge.

ion that the increase was drawn from the saturated plane in connection with the river, and its effect would be to diminish the surface flow of the river. If the filtration pipes took no water from the saturation plane, the latter would rise to its normal level, as shown when water is from their vicinity, and there would be an increase in the surface flow of the river equal to the amount drained off by the pipes. Mr. Schuyler thought that such an increase in the flow would be noted first about 600 feet below bridge No. 1, because the river would cross the side to side of the channel and the saturation plane on both sides inclines to the river. The water coming down would thus be interrupted and brought to the surface.

Continuing, the witness proceeded to elaborate upon his opinion advanced during the Pomeroy & Hooker case with the material of the saturation plane as voids. He then found that about 35 per cent. of the material consisted of voids which the water would fill, the excess coming to the surface. Given the quantity of water, the amount of the channel and the saturation plane, with a flowing surface stream, an underground outlet would draw upon the saturation plane and the surface stream. There would be no practical difference between the two.

Continuing, he said that in the Pomeroy & Hooker case with the material of the saturation plane as voids. He then found that about 35 per cent. of the material consisted of voids which the water would fill, the excess coming to the surface. Given the quantity of water, the amount of the channel and the saturation plane, with a flowing surface stream, an underground outlet would draw upon the saturation plane and the surface stream. There would be no practical difference between the two.

Continuing, he said that in the Pomeroy & Hooker case with the material of the saturation plane as voids. He then found that about 35 per cent. of the material consisted of voids which the water would fill, the excess coming to the surface. Given the quantity of water, the amount of the channel and the saturation plane, with a flowing surface stream, an underground outlet would draw upon the saturation plane and the surface stream. There would be no practical difference between the two.

Continuing, he said that in the Pomeroy & Hooker case with the material of the saturation plane as voids. He then found that about 35 per cent. of the material consisted of voids which the water would fill, the excess coming to the surface. Given the quantity of water, the amount of the channel and the saturation plane, with a flowing surface stream, an underground outlet would draw upon the saturation plane and the surface stream. There would be no practical difference between the two.

Continuing, he said that in the Pomeroy & Hooker case with the material of the saturation plane as voids. He then found that about 35 per cent. of the material consisted of voids which the water would fill, the excess coming to the surface. Given the quantity of water, the amount of the channel and the saturation plane, with a flowing surface stream, an underground outlet would draw upon the saturation plane and the surface stream. There would be no practical difference between the two.

Continuing, he said that in the Pomeroy & Hooker case with the material of the saturation plane as voids. He then found that about 35 per cent. of the material consisted of voids which the water would fill, the excess coming to the surface. Given the quantity of water, the amount of the channel and the saturation plane, with a flowing surface stream, an underground outlet would draw upon the saturation plane and the surface stream. There would be no practical difference between the two.

Continuing, he said that in the Pomeroy & Hooker case with the material of the saturation plane as voids. He then found that about 35 per cent. of the material consisted of voids which the water would fill, the excess coming to the surface. Given the quantity of water, the amount of the channel and the saturation plane, with a flowing surface stream, an underground outlet would draw upon the saturation plane and the surface stream. There would be no practical difference between the two.

Continuing, he said that in the Pomeroy & Hooker case with the material of the saturation plane as voids. He then found that about 35 per cent. of the material consisted of voids which the water would fill, the excess coming to the surface. Given the quantity of water, the amount of the channel and the saturation plane, with a flowing surface stream, an underground outlet would draw upon the saturation plane and the surface stream. There would be no practical difference between the two.

Continuing, he said that in the Pomeroy & Hooker case with the material of the saturation plane as voids. He then found that about 35 per cent. of the material consisted of voids which the water would fill, the excess coming to the surface. Given the quantity of water, the amount of the channel and the saturation plane, with a flowing surface stream, an underground outlet would draw upon the saturation plane and the surface stream. There would be no practical difference between the two.

Continuing, he said that in the Pomeroy & Hooker case with the material of the saturation plane as voids. He then found that about 35 per cent. of the material consisted of voids which the water would fill, the excess coming to the surface. Given the quantity of water, the amount of the channel and the saturation plane, with a flowing surface stream, an underground outlet would draw upon the saturation plane and the surface stream. There would be no practical difference between the two.

Continuing, he said that in the Pomeroy & Hooker case with the material of the saturation plane as voids. He then found that about 35 per cent. of the material consisted of voids which the water would fill, the excess coming to the surface. Given the quantity of water, the amount of the channel and the saturation plane, with a flowing surface stream, an underground outlet would draw upon the saturation plane and the surface stream. There would be no practical difference between the two.

Continuing, he said that in the Pomeroy & Hooker case with the material of the saturation plane as voids. He then found that about 35 per cent. of the material consisted of voids which the water would fill, the excess coming to the surface. Given the quantity of water, the amount of the channel and the saturation plane, with a flowing surface stream, an underground outlet would draw upon the saturation plane and the surface stream. There would be no practical difference between the two.

Continuing, he said that in the Pomeroy & Hooker case with the material of the saturation plane as voids. He then found that about 35 per cent. of the material consisted of voids which the water would fill, the excess coming to the surface. Given the quantity of water, the amount of the channel and the saturation plane, with a flowing surface stream, an underground outlet would draw upon the saturation plane and the surface stream. There would be no practical difference between the two.

Continuing, he said that in the Pomeroy & Hooker case with the material of the saturation plane as voids. He then found that about 35 per cent. of the material consisted of voids which the water would fill, the excess coming to the surface. Given the quantity of water, the amount of the channel and the saturation plane, with a flowing surface stream, an underground outlet would draw upon the saturation plane and the surface stream. There would be no practical difference between the two.

Continuing, he said that in the Pomeroy & Hooker case with the material of the saturation plane as voids. He then found that about 35 per cent. of the material consisted of voids which the water would fill, the excess coming to the surface. Given the quantity of water, the amount of the channel and the saturation plane, with a flowing surface stream, an underground outlet would draw upon the saturation plane and the surface stream. There would be no practical difference between the two.

Continuing, he said that in the Pomeroy & Hooker case with the material of the saturation plane as voids. He then found that about 35 per cent. of the material consisted of voids which the water would fill, the excess coming to the surface. Given the quantity of water, the amount of the channel and the saturation plane, with a flowing surface stream, an underground outlet would draw upon the saturation plane and the surface stream. There would be no practical difference between the two.

Continuing, he said that in the Pomeroy & Hooker case with the material of the saturation plane as voids. He then found that about 35 per cent. of the material consisted of voids which the water would fill, the excess coming to the surface. Given the quantity of water, the amount of the channel and the saturation plane, with a flowing surface stream, an underground outlet would draw upon the saturation plane and the surface stream. There would be no practical difference between the two.

Continuing, he said that in the Pomeroy & Hooker case with the material of the saturation plane as voids. He then found that about 35 per cent. of the material consisted of voids which the water would fill, the excess coming to the surface. Given the quantity of water, the amount of the channel and the saturation plane, with a flowing surface stream, an underground outlet would draw upon the saturation plane and the surface stream. There would be no practical difference between the two.

Continuing, he said that in the Pomeroy & Hooker case with the material of the saturation plane as voids. He then found that about 35 per cent. of the material consisted of voids which the water would fill, the excess coming to the surface. Given the quantity of water, the amount of the channel and the saturation plane, with a flowing surface stream, an underground outlet would draw upon the saturation plane and the surface stream. There would be no practical difference between the two.

Continuing, he said that in the Pomeroy & Hooker case with the material of the saturation plane as voids. He then found that about 35 per cent. of the material consisted of voids which the water would fill, the excess coming to the surface. Given the quantity of water, the amount of the channel and the saturation plane, with a flowing surface stream, an underground outlet would draw upon the saturation plane and the surface stream. There would be no practical difference between the two.

Continuing, he said that in the Pomeroy & Hooker case with the material of the saturation plane as voids. He then found that about 35 per cent. of the material consisted of voids which the water would fill, the excess coming to the surface. Given the quantity of water, the amount of the channel and the saturation plane, with a flowing surface stream, an underground outlet would draw upon the saturation plane and the surface stream. There would be no practical difference between the two.

Continuing, he said that in the Pomeroy & Hooker

## (REAL ESTATE RECORD)

## HOUSE AND LOT.

## EASTERNERS FRIGHTENED BY DRY-WEATHER TALK.

The Light Rainfall Up to Date Causes an Improved Demand for Damp Lands.

## REALTY IN SAN FRANCISCO.

## THE NEW TOWN OF OXNARD, IN VENTURA COUNTY.

## Discussion as to the Safety of Fire-proof Buildings—The New Stimson Building on Spring Street. Building Notes.

Dullness was the prevailing feature of the local real estate market during the early part of the week. Since the rain, however, dealers look more cheerful.

## FIRE-PROOF BUILDINGS.

The town is full of eastern people, but they have been more than usually slow in making investments. It is not surprising that these people, many of whom know little or nothing about local conditions, should have been frightened by the gloomy prophecies they have heard in many quarters from old-time Californians in regard to the supposed effects of a dry season. To hear some of these old-timers talk, who ought to know better, a stranger might easily suppose that, in case of a deficient rainfall, Southern California would be ruined, and property offered for next to nothing. Such talk as this is not only injurious, but entirely incorrect. In the season of 1893-94 the total rainfall amounted to less than 64 inches, yet there was no panic here, and property continued to sell at very good prices. As the Times has endeavored to impress upon those who are not well acquainted with local conditions, the time has gone by when a short rainfall means general ruin in Southern California. The orange crop along this season will bring in over \$3,000,000, rain or no rain. Meantime, the moisture that has already fallen this week would be cheap at a million dollars to Southern California, and will undoubtedly stimulate the real estate business.

## DAMP LANDS.

One effect of the comparative dryness of the season up to the present time has been to create an increased demand for damp lands, suitable for alfalfa and root crops. With hay at \$18 a ton, a good patch of alfalfa compares very favorably as an income proposition with an orange orchard, while the cost is very much less. With the constantly-increasing area of land devoted to fruit growing in this section, there will be steady diminution of the output of hay, and land that will produce a good crop of alfalfa is likely to have constantly increasing value.

## REAL ESTATE IN SAN FRANCISCO.

While the real estate market in Los Angeles has been comparatively dull during the past few weeks, it is undoubtedly in a better condition than that of San Francisco, where a writer in the Examiner says:

"Unimproved lots are almost a drug on the market, and there are thousands of such lots in the city and county today which cannot be sold for 60 per cent. of what they cost five or six years ago. It is the present interest of real estate in San Francisco, however, that is unproductive property of this class which cripples the realty owner today, and nothing short of a very marked revival of business in every direction can relieve his condition or restore his holding in anything approaching their first cost. The interest on the original investment is not to be dreamed of for a moment. Such a situation ought to invite the buyer, but the chances are he will prefer to wait until prices go up."

## SUNSET BOULEVARD.

A meeting was held on Monday last by the Northern West Improvement Association. A delegation was present from the Tujunga Improvement Association, to confer as to the best methods of furthering the project of building a boulevard from Douglas street to the coast line, through the Cahuenga Valley and eventually to Santa Monica. A committee was appointed to make an estimate of the cost, to consider the most feasible route and other matters connected with the project. The committee will be ready to report at a meeting to be held at the same hall next Monday evening, at 7:30 o'clock.

The Santa Monica people are inclined to do their share toward carrying out this important improvement. The Signal says:

"This boulevard will be one of much interest to the people of this place, as well as to the city of Los Angeles and country intervening between the two cities. The people of Santa Monica will give the matter due and fitting attention and be ready to cooperate with the promoters of this worthy an enterprise. The truth is, we, here on the seashore, are a little more interested in it than any other locality."

In connection with this boulevard, it would be a good thing for the City Council would take steps to open a branch boulevard to Griffith Park. While it may not be considered feasible to make expensive improvements in the park just now, there should at least be provided a convenient approach, so that citizens may become acquainted with the "lay of the land," and be able to vote intelligently when the question of improvement shall come up. Such a boulevard would vastly increase the value of property through which it runs, and should cost the city very little to build.

## TOWN OF OXNARD.

A blue-print map of the new town at the Oxnard belt-line factory, near Hixson, in Ventura county, has been received. It was understood that this town was to be called "Oxnard." It lies close to the factory grounds and Southern Pacific Railroad. In the center of the town is a plaza 250x300 feet in size. This is surrounded by a double row of lots, with alleys between, 125x10 and 140 feet. Outside of these are lots 50x10 feet, and these again are surrounded by subdivisions and lots.

It is expected that this town will, in course of time, become quite an important business center."

## BOGUS OFFERS.

Those who have real estate for sale are often too much in the habit of quoting high prices said to have been once offered for a property. On this subject a writer in the San Francisco Journal of Investment says:

"He measures the value of his land only by the price he has foolishly refused, forgetting that houses are only comparatively, and not as far as the purchasing power of money in real estate is concerned, he can do just as

much with \$20,000 in real estate today as he could have done with \$25,000 to \$27,000 five to seven years ago. He can get a fair price today for his property, he can choose his improvements and low figures. It is difficult to induce sellers to agree to part with their property at present values, and for less than they were once offered. The whole case hinges, however, on the question whether the offers a few years ago were bona fide offers. If an owner is asked by some curiosities broker with his office in his hat, if he will take a certain high price for his land, the owner pretends to believe that such inquiry was a bona fide cash offer, and subsequently asserts that he has great hope in the responsible, pretended agents talking of high prices and making offers, although they have no buyers. They create false impressions in owners' minds which have, in many cases, worked against the latter's best interests."

## NEW STIMSON BLOCK.

Work is actively progressing on the demolition of the one-story Stimson building, on the northwest corner of Spring and Third streets, to make room for the new five-story block, to be erected thereon. Stimson's estate, the building will be finished in pressed brick and terra cotta. Nearly all the ground floor has already been leased. It is stated that the corner will be occupied by the Southern Pacific Company. The building will be first-class in every respect, and will be an ornament to the city.

## STRIKE ON THE DESERT.

Frank Dunham reports the discovery of a ledge of gold-bearing quartz on the Mojave desert, about five miles north of Bagdad. The ore, he says, is free milling, running from \$25 to \$28 a ton, and carrying copper and iron. It is owned by Frank Dunham and R. G. Barnum.

Of late much has been said of a method claimed to have been discovered by E. C. Bryce of Chicago for the transmutation of antimony, sulphur and iron into gold. In reference to this, Frank Dunham, a mining agent of this city, says he regards the matter as ridiculous. It reminds him, he says, of the time when Paraff of oleomargarine fame "worked" a number of gullible San Franciscans. Paraff claimed that he had discovered a large amount of ore, a fabulous richness and South of San Francisco, and when he claimed was "green gold." Samples of the "ore" were submitted to many San Francisco assayers, who failed to find the values claimed. In fact, they reported "no gold contained." Paraff, however, explained why they did not obtain gold, saying that the salt was used in the assay, which had a tendency to give negative results. It was in his hands that the ore could be made to yield gold. He selected his subjects, men of means, whose knowledge of chemistry was limited. His method of transmutation was to assemble his dunces in his "laboratory," roll up his sleeves, so as to avoid any suspicion, allow any of his audience to pulverize the rock, and when the "ore" had been properly ground it would receive his mysterious acid bath, which he claimed was necessary to effect the transmutation. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the same rock in which the assayers could not get a trace. His dupes were careful to watch him, but could not see the "green gold," so that it could receive proper treatment afterward in his furnace. Invariably Paraff would obtain a button of gold from the

## The Fraternal Field.

Masonic.

PENTALPHA LODGE, No. 202, conferred the Entered Apprentice degree Tuesday night, and will confer the Fellowcraft degree next Tuesday.

Sunset Lodge, No. 290, conferred the Master Mason degree last Saturday night, and will confer the Fellowcraft degree tonight upon four.

Southern California Lodge, No. 278, conferred the Master Mason degree Wednesday night, and the Fellowcraft degree last evening.

Vallee de France Lodge, No. 229, will confer the Master Mason degree this evening.

The March number of the Freemason contains a fine frontispiece engraving of W. E. Rowley, Worshipful Master of Southern California Lodge, No. 278, F. and A.M.

M. C. Fordham, the Tyler of numerous bodies at the Temple, was recently presented, on his sixtieth birthday, with a Royal Arch jewel by companions.

Rowley made by A. Brosham, M.E.H.P., of Signet Chapter, No. 5.

District Inspector C. L. Ennis was a visitor at Sunset Lodge, No. 290, last Saturday night, and complimented the work of that lodge.

Hollenbeck Lodge, No. 218, conferred the Entered Apprentice degree Monday night, and will confer the same degree next Tuesday night. A number of the members of this lodge accompanied the team, under charge of Inspector Ennis, in a visit to Norwalk Lodge, No. 315. Tuesday night, where the Master Mason degree was conferred, and the Fellowcraft degree the following week and the Royal Arch degree again on the 28th.

South Gate Lodge, No. 320, will confer the Master Mason degree this evening.

The officers of Los Angeles Council, No. 11, R. and S.M., will meet for a meeting on the 15th, to prepare to confer the Super Excellent Master degree on the night of the 31st.

The degree of Royal and Select Master will be conferred on the night of April 5.

Los Angeles Commandery, No. 9, Knights of Pythias, will present the Past Grand Commandery, No. 21, to participate in the observance of Easter Sunday, April 10. In all probability the service will be held at the Westminster Presbyterian Church, the arrangements for which are now being completed.

Robert Bruce Chapter Rose Croix, No. 3, A. and A.S.E., conferred the eighth-eighth degree last Friday night on a class of candidates, the ceremony concluding with the customary banquet.

Order of the Eastern Star.

MRS. ALICE PORTER, Worthy Grand Matron of California, from Sativas, is making her tour of official visits in Southern California and passed through the city Wednesday evening.

She will return to this city next Saturday and will visit South Gate Chapter next Tuesday night and Acacia Chapter the following Saturday night. In her visits she will exemplify the unwritten work for the benefit of the members.

Acacia Chapter, No. 21, initiated seven candidates last Saturday night, the work being performed in an excellent manner. A number of visitors were present.

Los Angeles Court, No. 4, R. and E. degree of Amaranth, will be instituted and the officers installed at the Temple Saturday night. Members will be present from Golden Crown Court, No. 2, of Pasadena, South Gate and Acacia chapters.

Odd Fellows.

FRANK PERKINS of San Francisco, a member of the order for fifty years and well known by many in this city, died last Friday and was buried by the veterans of San Francisco.

New lodges are about to be instituted at Lemmon and Kings River.

Dr. E. A. Frazer, who died in the city Monday, carried an insurance in the C. & G. Mutual, controlled by the order, for \$500.

Enterprise Encampment, No. 93, expects to have four candidates this evening.

On the night of the 20th Cantons and Los Angeles are preparing for an entertainment and dance, and among the features of the evening will be an exhibition drill.

The Relief Board has buried seven brothers since January 1, and is now caring for over forty.

The Rebekahs.

DELAWEISS Lodge, No. 67, entertained its members and friends with an entertainment and ball at its hall last Friday night. The attendance was good, and the affair netted a neat little sum for the regalia fund of that lodge.

Una Lodge, No. 172, will give what it is pleased to term a "green" social, next Wednesday night, whatever that may be.

The Relief Board is arranging for an entertainment and dance on the night of the 11th.

At the conclusion of its session Monday night Columbia Lodge, No. 194, held a social session. This lodge paid a fraternal visit to Semi-Tropic Lodge, No. 371, Tuesday night, the entertainment concluding with a dance.

Knights of Pythias.

ERIN KAPI TEMPLE, No. 52, D.O.K.K., of San Francisco, had a hot time in that city last Saturday night, inducting a number of tyros into the mysteries of the order. Tomorrow night the temple will form a caravan for a pilgrimage to the oasis of Benicia and pick up a number of tyros.

Grand Chancellor W. H. Grant started westward for official visits to Palo Alto, Los Gatos, New Almaden and San Jose lodges.

Samson Lodge, No. 148, conferred the Knight rank Monday night and will confer the same rank next Monday night. On the night of the 21st the rank of Pythian will be conferred on four candidates.

The rank of Knight was conferred by Marathon Lodge, No. 182, upon an Esquire from Samson Lodge, No. 148, Tuesday night. A good attendance was present, including many visitors, among whom were James McKeever of Marshall Home Lodge, Pony, Mont., and G. W. Wood of Fidelity Lodge, Spencer, Mass.

The new lodge at Long Beach will confer the Knight rank for the first time in amplified form with the new regalia this evening.

Los Angeles Lodge, No. 205, will entertain its members in the Stowell block after April 1. This lodge has in contemplation the purchase of a new, up-to-date set of paraphernalia. The

meetings will be held on Friday nights as heretofore.

Los Angeles Company, No. 25, U.R., began Wednesday night to hold semi-monthly drills, in contemplation of the possibility of a call to take arms in a war with Spain.

Knights of the Maccabees.

LOS ANGELES TENT No. 2 initiated three new members, elected twelve and received six applications Wednesday night.

Deputy Supreme Commander Henry is putting in a couple of weeks at Norwalk and Downey.

At the close of the session of Los Angeles Tent No. 2, Wednesday night, the degree was turned over to the members of the Court of Xerxes, who conferred the Degree of Humanity upon eighty candidates, the largest class ever invested with the oriental rites in one night in the city.

Ladies of the Maccabees.

UNIVERSITY HIVE gave a reception in honor of Lady Emma R. Neidig, last Friday night.

She has been away on an extended eastern trip, and a large number of Ladies, Knights and friends assembled to welcome her back. The hall was tastefully decorated, and an unusually fine programme was rendered.

A special feature of the evening was the presentation of a handsome chair to Mrs. Scherer, and refreshments were served.

Native Sons of the Golden West.

THE members of San Jose Parlor will make a great effort at the coming session of the Grand Parlor to have the next Admission day celebration held in that city.

Ramone Parlor, No. 109, initiated two candidates Monday night, and nominated delegates to the Grand Parlor.

The attendance of the members was one of the largest of the year. Next Sunday night delegates to the Grand Parlor will be nominated, and new candidates initiated. This parlor has sent a communication to all the parlor in Southern California, asking for cooperation in a convention to be held soon to select a place for holding the next anniversary-day celebration.

Delegates from Southern California to the Grand Parlor, which meets at Nevada Club in April, will be instructed to support the reelection of Frank Sabichi as Grand Trustee.

Los Angeles Parlor, No. 24, has elected A. Ramish, and M. Glass as delegates to the Grand Parlor, with C. Bennett and C. Blumenthal as alternates.

Woodmen of the World.

LA FIESTA CAMP, No. 63; Los Angeles Camp, No. 402, and Lauratina Circle, No. 83, Women of Woodcraft, turned out in goodly numbers to attend services at the United Brethren Church, corner Pico and Hope streets, last Sunday morning, where an appropriate sermon was delivered by Dr. Moore in Genesis xxxix, 6. He preceded the sermon with a speech of welcome to the members of the order, and concluded with an allegory of the Woodland.

What promises to be one of the most interesting gathering of Woodmen ever assembled in the city is the meeting of Los Angeles Camp, No. 402, next Thursday night, upon which occasion about 1500 Woodmen will be present at the camp, the work of which will be performed and exemplified by the crack team from Pasadena Camp, No. 253, to be followed by a social session.

Lauratina Circle, No. 83, Women of Woodcraft, initiated four candidates last Saturday night, and expect to initiate four more Saturday night.

The Evening of Sons, given under the auspices of La Fiesta Camp, No. 63, for the benefit of the paraplegia fund of that camp, Monday night, was a brilliant and successful affair and added a snug sum to the exchequer of the camp. Dancing followed the entertainment.

Clerk J. H. Foley of La Fiesta Camp spritz the huise button given by the head camp for the largest number of members brought in during the last three months of 1897.

Ancient Order United Workmen.

THE death of Capt. A. F. Mackey, Grand Foreman of the order in the State, removes one of the best workers for the upbuilding of the order in California, and had he lived until the session of the Grand Lodge in April, he would, without doubt, have been elected to the office of Grand Master Workman.

A social ball was given by Southern California Lodge, No. 191, last night. Two new lodges were instituted last night at Montague, with twenty-seven charter members, and one at Sebastopol, with thirty-five charter members.

A number of lodges in the State are declaring themselves opposed to the proposed establishment of a home for aged women in California at this time, on the grounds that the project is not feasible.

A goodly delegation of members of Woodcraft, initiated four candidates last Saturday night, and expect to initiate four more Saturday night.

The Evening of Sons, given under the auspices of La Fiesta Camp, No. 63, for the benefit of the paraplegia fund of that camp, Monday night, was a brilliant and successful affair and added a snug sum to the exchequer of the camp. Dancing followed the entertainment.

Clerk J. H. Foley of La Fiesta Camp spritz the huise button given by the head camp for the largest number of members brought in during the last three months of 1897.

The Fraternal Brotherhood.

THE benefit entertainment at T.E.B. Hall Wednesday night was fairly well attended and a goodly sum realized for the beneficiary thereof.

Nearly all the supreme officers and a large number of the members of the various lodges of the city and friends went to Pasadena last night to participate in the entertainment and dance given by Pasadena Lodge, No. 148. The affair concluded in L.O.O.P. Hall, which was held to repetition. Judge J. C. Rossiter officiated as master of ceremonies and the programme comprised the following numbers: Plainchant, Miss Lila Lawrence, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W. Hood, Tom Barnes and Francis E. Burnham; address, "The Fraternal Brotherhood," Gen. John R. Mathews; instrumental duets, Miss Claude and Master Guy Hill; J. C. McPherson, concert solo, C. E. Allen. Dancing and refreshments followed the programme. The Committee of Arrangements was composed of H. J. Federling, Aug. J. Jorashcz, George W. Collier, George W.

## ORCHARD, FARM, RANCHO AND STOCKYARD.

## Crops and Markets.

AT LENGTH the long-continued drought has been broken by a slight rain which commenced on Wednesday night and continued to about a third of an inch up to noon on Thursday. The moisture will be highly acceptable to farmers in Southern California, and with a few inches more later in the month should save a considerable proportion of the grain and hay crops.

Some anxiety has been expressed in regard to the effect of the dry weather on the coming sugar-beet crop. It is understood that the Alamo people have felt some anxiety on this score, but the rain of this week, if continued, should place the land in fair condition for seeding. At Chino the company is fortunate in having a couple of thousand acres of land which in ordinary seasons is too moist for beets, but will this year be just the thing for planting.

The continued warm weather has had the effect of causing deciduous-fruit trees to bloom earlier this year. In some sections apricots began to bloom on the 1st of March, which is nearly a month earlier than last year.

Oranges have been moving forward somewhat freely during the past week, and prices have been fairly satisfactory. The following sales of fancy fruit were among those reported on Wednesday from New York by the Southern California Fruit Exchange: One carload of Duarte, average price, \$2.45; one carload of Azusa, \$2.50; one carload of Ontario, \$2.45, and one carload of Riverside, \$2.60.

The Los Angeles Fruit World, which specially represents the packers and shippers of oranges outside of the exchange, in its issue of the 5th inst., took occasion to denounce as false a statement made in this column last week to the effect that the exchange had been realizing prices for fancy navels during the week averaging about \$1.50 f.o.b. Taking this as a text, the Fruit World tries to be satirical at the expense of The Times, and taunts glibly of "unreliability of figures" and "sigh."

The Times has no disposition to enter into a wordy discussion with the organ of the commission men, nor is that necessary. In the Fruit World's own columns, of the issue referred to, is ample proof of the correctness of the statement made by The Times.

The World publishes statements of thirty-seven auction sales of fancy exchange navels, in New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh and Cleveland, which show an average of \$2.52 per box. The freight charge is 90 cents, and the average auction charge on these sales a fraction under 10 cents per box, making in round figures \$1. and thus leaving an average f.o.b. price of \$1.62. Therefore, the statement made by The Times that the exchange had been averaging "about \$1.50 for fancy navels f.o.b." was absolutely correct.

The Fruit World would do well, another time to be sure it is right before it forges ahead quite so fast with charges of "unreliability" and so forth, which do not look well in a paper that is the acknowledged organ of men who are trying to break down the co-operative system of marketing the orange crop.

The claim made by the World that fancy navels have been selling readily outside of the exchange at \$1.75 does not seem to be supported by a "speculatively-confidential letter" from Harmon K. Pratt of Redlands, dated February 24, in which he offered to buy fancy Riverside navels at \$1.55.

It appears that estimates of the total orange crop of Southern California this season will have to be somewhat raised. Up to date about sixty-five hundred carloads of oranges have been shipped. It is estimated that there remain about two thousand carloads of navels and three thousand carloads of seedlings on the trees. This would bring the total shipments for the season to 11,000 carloads. Probably some of the seedlings will not be shipped, but the total is almost certain to reach 11,000 carloads. Supposing that 2000 carloads were damaged by frost, the total crop must have been 13,000 carloads, or a thousand more than the average estimate. In this matter the Riverside Press is off its diminutive cabeza, as it is also touching the authorship of a recent article on this subject in The Times.

There has been no change to note in the dried-fruit market. The demand is only fair. Small prunes have been looked for, and are becoming somewhat scarce.

The produce market has been steady, with the exception of eggs and butter, which have been weak, but are likely to ease off a little since the rain. Full quotations will be found on the commercial page.

**An Early Orange.** A DESCRIPTION was published in The Redlands Citrograph a few months ago of a new early orange, that originated on the place of J. H. Smith, in Redlands. Mr. Smith sends the Citrograph the following letter in regard to this new orange, which he has named the Redlands Early. The orange is described as very sweet, in respect bearing more resemblance to the Florida orange. It is not entirely seedless, one specimen having four seeds, two and others none. The oranges were thoroughly ripe and sweet in November. Mr. Smith will not allow any buds to go out until the trees have been fully tested and their permanent character proven:

"In reply to your inquiry regarding the history of my early orange, I will say that in the spring of 1888 I received two barrels of oranges from a friend in San Francisco and at the same time received about seventy-five boxes of culls from the first packing-house of Redlands, which was originally Mr. Cook's store at Lugones. From whose ranches these oranges came I have no means of knowing. From these sources I collected sufficient seeds to raise 40,000 stocks. When I removed them to nursery I found a single tree with a cluster of flowers on the top. I took good care not to lose sight of it in nursery. When budding time came the tree had increased to 100 buds. I think it was the only thornless tree among the 40,000. When it was moved to the orchard it unfortunately was placed in the poorest corner possible. This was in the spring of 1891. In November of 1895 it produced first ripe fruit. The fruit of the first strong and upright producing leading shoot was last season five feet and upward. Foliage dark green, with rather a slim leaf, resembling the Mediterranean Sweet. It has survived all the cold snaps of this winter (1898) without showing any signs of damage to tender branches.

The fruit, nearly seedless, is medium in size, skin rather coarsely netted, color, rich dark yellow. Its quality

is very sweet, with peculiar spicy flavor. I have failed every time to find a sweeter orange from Florida or Mediterranean. I will not ask the public to buy trees; I have none to dispose of, and will not have until it is thoroughly demonstrated that its value is worthy of adoption."

## Useful Experimental Work

THE TIMES has already called attention to the valuable work of the experiment section of the local Academy of Sciences. The work of distributing the disease of the San Jose scale (Sphaerostilbe coccophylla, Tul.), mentioned about two weeks ago, is going on in three of the southern counties. Dr. S. M. Woodbridge, the director, has also discovered a disease for the black scale, which he has been breeding for several months, and is now distributing. Several orchards have been inspected in and about Pasadena which show that this disease is doing effective work. The success which is attending the work of the director in exterminating the black scale from citrus trees is so pronounced as to claim general attention. Dr. Woodbridge believes that the experimental stage in the application of this remedy has been passed, and that the time will be effectually destroyed by natural means, as the white scale has been. The germs of the disease of the black scale are attached to the infested trees and the contagion spreads, carrying death to the pest, but without injury to the tree or its fruit.

Following is an extract from the first semi-annual report of the director of the experiment section:

"The result of the six months' work has been the issuance of five bulletins and one circular, which are as follows: No. 1, on the black scale and white worms; No. 2, on killing sprays; No. 3, milk; No. 4, cleaning walnuts and other nuts; No. 5, agronomic value of bone meal and other phosphates. Circular No. 1, the milk supply of Los Angeles.

"In addition to the bulletins issued, there are in course of preparation and publication three, well in hand.

"The section has also instituted a series of test plots in the different counties south of the Tehachapi, thereby hoping to get at the exact truth in regard to the matter of fertilization, and other factors which can be improved in quality and quantity at a minimum expense for plant foods.

"It has distributed some two hundred colonies of rhizobids, sending numerous colonies to the same individuals on succeeding dates, hoping thereby to get at the exact truth in regard to the matter of fertilization, and other factors which can be improved in quality and quantity at a minimum expense for plant foods.

"The matter of green manuring has also been taken up systematically.

"Knowing that a number of persons have invested quite largely in what is known as Pasteur virus for the extermination of rodents, the matter was investigated, and it was found that bottles of the virus were obtained through the agent in Los Angeles or direct from the company in Chicago. The following points were settled to our satisfaction: First, that the virus was only used in some instances with vitality, and in some instances with vitality, and in some instances with vitality.

"Second, that it was bred in the laboratory, and both the virus that was received from Chicago and that which was bred in our laboratory was used with the following results: That when rodents were inoculated with a hypodermic syringe, and encephalitis virus, death did not always ensue and that in numerous instances contagion did not take place. Our conclusions in regard to this matter are, therefore, that the virus, so far as squirrels and gophers are concerned, does not kill more than any other poison that can be obtained at a much cheaper price.

"The matter of the preservation of fruit juice without antisepsis, especially lemon and orange, is under investigation, and so far with gratifying results. The method of preservation and making them an article of merchandise is of no mean importance, and undoubtedly would be a means of bringing a fair price for a great many dull lemons and oranges. We hope in the near future to issue a bulletin upon the future of the by-products that can be made from citrus fruits, including citric acid and the oils of these fruits.

"The subject of gum disease and root rot of orange and lemon trees is also under investigation.

"In regard to the scale insect pests, it is the opinion of the director that there is a disease of the red scale (Aspiditis auranti) which can be propagated and distributed and used as a means of exterminating the scale. The director has also discovered a disease of the black scale (Lecanum oleae). This will be thoroughly tested as to efficiency for eradicating this pest."

## Fruit-growers' Convention.

STATE convention of fruit-growers A is called by the State Board of Horticulture to meet in Los Angeles, April 11 and 12, and at Riverside, April 14 and 15, 1898. Eminent horticulturists will present papers during the sessions, on subjects that are deemed of the utmost importance to the fruit industry in general. The State Agricultural County Horticultural Commissioners will hold sessions during the week.

## Big Agricultural Exports.

OF THE enormous quantity of domestic merchandise exported by the United States during the last fiscal year, the largest in the history of foreign trade of the country, two-thirds consisted of agricultural products. The figures show that the total exports were valued at \$1,632,067,000; the exports having their origin in agriculture were valued at \$658,755,193, or 66.84 per cent of the whole.

## A New Vine Pest.

CALIFORNIA vineyardists will do well to guard against the importation of the new vine pest reported from the Bordeaux wine district in France. It is the Botrytis cinerea, a kind of fungus known among the country people as the gray rot, which in warm, moist weather spreads with extraordinary rapidity. This fungus bores through the skin of the grapes and dries up the juice, especially diminishing the percentage of tarter in it, and operating upon it in other ways to ruin the flavor of the wine. An effective means of checking the disease has not been discovered.

## POULTRY.

SOUTHERN papers give at great length an account of the story of Charles Vest, a Portland man, who has just returned from Dawson City with a big deal in the egg trade. Mr. Vest left Portland last October, taking with him 1,743 dozen frozen eggs. He broke and packed them in tin cans holding one gallon each or six dozen. The cans were sealed, frozen and put on ice. They weighed 2025 pounds in cold storage. With one man to help

him and his dogs Mr. Vest hurried the eggs up to Sheep Camp and buried them in the snow. He put four cans in a sack and tied the sacks over the dogs' backs. Each dog carried twenty-eight pounds, in this way. Once over the summit, the cans were piled on sleds, pulled by the dogs and the journey continued. Upon reaching the mining camp he sold out his eggs for \$6321 cash.

## LIVE STOCK.

HERE is a wide-spread fear that cotton seed is an unsafe food for stock. From investigations conducted at the Oklahoma Experiment Station, it is shown that there is some foundation for this feeling, but, used judiciously, cotton seed may be wisely fed to either cattle, horses or sheep—sometimes to hogs. Young stock are more liable to injury than older ones. Rarely is it wise to make this the only nitrogenous food. Long continued high feeding with cotton seed sometimes gives bad results.

## THE DAIRY.

IN SPITE of the keen competition in the dairy business in this section there is still room for enterprising men to make money in the industry. Successful business has been built up by delivering milk in bottles. This can be extended by furnishing milk from individual cows separately for infants. Those skilled in the business can supply the demand for fancy brands of cheese. Any dairy furnishing a grade of uniform excellence can secure advantage by establishing a trade-mark, special package, or direct contract with consumers.

## GENERAL AGRICULTURE.

CORRESPONDENT of the Pacific Rural Press writing from Calistoga, says that he has been experimenting on a small scale for several years past with many different kinds of forage crops, that have been and are still, highly recommended by many of the Eastern seedmen. Here are the names of some of them: Jerusalem corn, sacaline, crimson clover, dwarf Essex rape, sand or winter vetch, four of several kinds, Kaffir corn and several kinds of millet. The correspondent adds:

"I freely acknowledge that I have been greatly disappointed in all of these, still maintaining that alfalfa and corn fodder are the only mid-summer, are two, at least of the best forage crops that can be grown in this State, especially for men of small means and who, like myself, have at most only ten or twelve acres of land on the latter portion of which is in fruit trees. The atmosphere, however, is so very destructive here to alfalfa that I have about given up the idea of trying to raise it successfully and have, therefore, for some years past raised corn, beets, squashes and winter pine-apples, muskmelons and for my cows, horses and hogs, all well satisfied, with sweet corn, fodder, carefully cured, is actually worth, ton for ton, two-thirds as much for either a cow or horse as most of the hay that is raised."

## FIESTA FUN.

**The Rain Puts the Coursing Park in Fine Condition.**

The rain yesterday put the coursing field at Agricultural Park in splendid shape for coursing on Saturday next, when the benefit for the fiesta fund is to be given.

The showers softened up the ground so that the dogs can run without danger to their feet and the grass is growing at the rate of "an inch an hour." If it keeps on growing at this rate the rabbits will be able to run through the grass without being seen and the dogs will have more work than ever before to catch them.

The Seventh Regiment Band is preparing a special programme for fiesta day. All of Sousa's new marches, the "Stars and Stripes" particularly, will be rendered.

The bicycle boys claim hat with a half-mile start they will beat Hackney and his horse Hooker, but Hackney says they will only make his horse run, something the "bike" men have never succeeded in doing heretofore.

It will be a great day for field sports, and the attendance will probably break the record.

## PERSONALS.

Postoffice Inspector W. A. Robinson and wife of San Francisco, arrived in the city yesterday. They are en route to Arizona.

H. W. Hellman, vice-president and manager of the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank, is again at his post, after a quite serious illness of several days, beginning with an attack of la grippe.

## Teachers Favor a New Charter.

The Public School Teachers' Alliance of this city recently organized with a membership of over three hundred. The following officers were elected: President, A. E. Baker; secretary, E. M. Joy; financial secretary, J. McMillan; treasurer, A. J. F. Fife; board of directors, A. E. Baker, J. B. Millard, C. L. Ennis, W. H. Housh, C. M. Bettenger, M. J. Frick, C. P. Bradfield, B. Gordon, H. Hunt, E. M. Joy and O. Dorn.

The standing Committee on School Legislation will be called to act for the alliance as a Charter Revision Committee, and to report at Southern California Music Hall last evening to cooperate with similar committees of other organizations.

## Abe Swift's Sentence.

ABE DINWIDDIE, alias "Swifty, the Arizona Wonder," and his partner in "hitting the pipe," Ralph Lowell, were sentenced by Justice Morrison yesterday. Neither had any excuse to offer, but the court tempered justice with mercy by giving them "floaters." In either is caught in an opium den again or arrested for any other offense, he must spend sixty days in the City Jail.

## DEATH RECORD.

HOWARD—In this city, March 8, 1898, at his residence, No. 612 Park View avenue, J. E. Howard, aged 58 years.

Funeral services will be held at No. 618 Spring new avenue, Saturday afternoon, March 12, 1898, at 2 p.m. Friends invited to attend.

McGINNIS—In this city, March 10, 1898, Edmund T. beloved husband of Rose McGinnis.

Funeral from his late residence, No. 318 California street, Saturday, March 12, at 2 p.m.

PARRELLI—In Alhambra, Cal., Thursday, March 10, 1898, at the residence of his father-in-law, Maj. George A. Hilton, James S. Farrell, aged 31 years and 7 months.

Funeral services will be held Saturday, March 12, at 10 o'clock, at St. Andrew's Episcopal Church, Pasadena. Interment at Alhambra.

DEWEY—On Tuesday, March 10, 1898, at her residence, No. 410 East Twenty-first street, Mrs. George N. Dewey, aged 41 years.

A. Lyons, a member of Union Club, New York City, aged 51 years.

Funeral from parlors of Orr & Hines, No. 67 South Broadway, today (Friday), at 3 p.m.

The best ladies' hose for 12c at Spear's, No. 201 North Spring street.

W. S. ALLEN, 332 and 334 S. Spring.

Send mail orders.

GOOD  
Dressers Should  
see the nobby  
Top-coats  
\$7.50 to \$25

him and his dogs Mr. Vest hurried the eggs up to Sheep Camp and buried them in the snow. He put four cans in a sack and tied the sacks over the dogs' backs. Each dog carried twenty-eight pounds, in this way. Once over the summit, the cans were piled on sleds, pulled by the dogs and the journey continued. Upon reaching the mining camp he sold out his eggs for \$6321 cash.

W. S. ALLEN, 332 and 334 S. Spring.

Send mail orders.

W. S. ALLEN, 332 and 334 S. Spring.

Send mail orders.

W. S. ALLEN, 332 and 334 S. Spring.

Send mail orders.

W. S. ALLEN, 332 and 334 S. Spring.

Send mail orders.

W. S. ALLEN, 332 and 334 S. Spring.

Send mail orders.

W. S. ALLEN, 332 and 334 S. Spring.

Send mail orders.

W. S. ALLEN, 332 and 334 S. Spring.

Send mail orders.

W. S. ALLEN, 332 and 334 S. Spring.

Send mail orders.





# NEWS FROM SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA TOWNS.

## PASADENA.

### PROBABILITIES GOOD FOR A REPUBLICAN VICTORY.

Rumors of Dissension in the Non-Partisan Camp—Attempted Suicide of a Young Woman, Mother of Two Children—Three Deaths.

PASADENA, March 10.—[Regular Correspondence.] The Republican convention and the Non-Partisan convention, the changes of the past year, the sole topic of conversation now, as to the probabilities of the candidates on either ticket for election. It is generally conceded that the Republicans have placed in nomination an god da ticket as was ever presented to the citizens of Pasadena. The candidates for the most part are progressive men, who will be able to keep pace with the growth of the city. Today the general sentiment is that the ticket will poll the largest vote ever given any party ticket in Pasadena.

Today ex-Senator Arnold, whose name was placed on the Non-Partisan ticket as a nominee for library trustees, announces that he will not be a candidate. He has been nominated by the Non-Partisan ticket. The previous reputation of the Non-Partisans by City Clerk Dryer and Marshal Lovell has caused a great deal of dissension in the ranks of the Non-Partisans and the prospects for a lively meeting tomorrow evening are exceedingly good.

### ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

Mrs. Seymour, a daughter of George W. Goodrich, the founder of the street department, was found dead Monday about midnight, by taking a dose of laudanum. Her heavy breathing awakened the other occupants of the house and, on a visit to the room the odor of laudanum was found so perceptible that an alarm was given. This proved futile, a physician was called, and the stomach pump restored her. Mrs. Seymour is an unusually comely young woman, about 21 years of age, and two very young children. She had lived with her husband in Fresno until the health of her children became so bad that the physicians ordered a change. She came to Pasadena, where she has resided ever since, very much improved in health. It is said that her married life was not as pleasant as might be, and that seeing her children well on the road to recovery, she decided to end her life to her troubles. She is reported out of danger.

### THREE DEATHS.

Mrs. Albert P. Gaylord of Hermel street died about 10 o'clock this evening of peritonitis. Mrs. Gaylord had been married but little over a year, and was about 25 years of age. Her loss will be keenly felt.

James A. Farren, died yesterday morning at the home of his father-in-law, Maj. George A. Hilton, at Alhambra. Deceased was 31 years of age, and leaves a widow and many friends. Funeral services will be held at the Catholic Church, Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

Mrs. Ellen Green, 35 years of age, died today at her home, No. 342 Summit avenue. She had been a resident of this city seven years.

### PASADENA BREVITIES.

The entertainment of the Fraternal Brotherhood in Odd Fellows Hall this evening was attended by upward of a hundred and fifty people, including about twenty-five from Los Angeles. G. C. Mathews was the principal speaker. The meeting was of a musical and literary nature, followed by refreshments and dancing.

Runow says that Mr. Painter, owner of La Pintoresca, is having plans made for an addition to the hotel during the summer. Manager Wentworth will next season manage the hotel as per a recent agreement, in which the addition will be made.

W. Witham, charged with stealing a horse belonging to Archie Saunders, was released that count today in Justice Merriam's court. He will have a hearing on Monday to determine the character of a threat to kill Saunders and his wife.

The Throop Club will meet tomorrow evening at Throop Polytechnic Institute, and will organize. The membership is one hundred.

Inglewood Bridge arrived yesterday from Inglewood, and will immediately start for an extended trip in the East.

The Uniformed Rank, Knights of Pythias, were put through a very strict drill this evening.

It gives you "that comfortable feeling"—one of those hot drinks or oyster cocktails at McCann's. Nobody mixes them so well.

### ORANGE COUNTY.

#### Everybody Jubilant Over the Rain.

The Weather Office.

SANTA ANA, March 10.—[Regular Correspondence.] Rain commenced falling here at 11 o'clock last night, and has continued pretty steadily since. At 12 o'clock today the rain gauge at the Southern Pacific depot registered .10 of an inch, but the other parts of town as much as a half-inch was reported. At 4 o'clock this afternoon the Southern Pacific can had .60 of an inch of water in it, but over an inch is reported.

Farmers and business men generally are jubilant over the improved prospect for crops, and it is hard to estimate the good results of the rain that has fallen already. It is safe to say that the crops will be in much better condition than at the time of the last rain, and the grain will be in great need of rain.

Another section greatly benefited in the beet-sugar field, and where the beet-sugar beets have been planting for a week, and the rain comes when it is most needed. Bee-keepers also have hopes for a good honey crop, and stockmen can carry their stock through the winter.

### TAKEN TO THE ASYLUM.

Deputy Sheriffs Landell and Cervantes departed for Highland this morning in charge of Joseph B. Herbridge of Orange, who was committed to the asylum by an order of court and has been an inmate for a few days now. Last night it took four men to hold him, and the two deputies had their hands full getting him into the train this morning.

### THE WRIGHTS GONE.

"Mysteries Bill" left town with his notorious spouse, Mollie, last evening. They were respectively proprietor and mistress of the Second-street house of bad repute against which such a fight has been made by the church people of Santa Ana and the county. The Wrights presented to the court the foster present to them by Justice Huntingdon yesterday before yesterday, and left by the Southern Pacific train, north-bound. The flocks give the reason of their flight from their location in any part of this country.

### ORANGE COUNTY EXHIBIT.

The photograph cabinet and collection of pictures which the Chamber of Commerce has been working on for some time has been completed, and will be shipped to the Orange County exhibit in the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce room tomorrow. The cabinet contains forty fine views, taken in different parts of the county, which make a very creditable showing. Included in the collection are four views of the Newport Pier, a shipwreck scene, a number of real residences among them Mine Modjeska's home, Arden, in the Santiago Canyon, a San Joaquin ranch, a large picture, several others, and among them the San Juan Capistrano Mission; views of orange picking and packing, the Los Alamitos beet-sugar factory; a celebrated orange field, and an Orange County cemetery.

### ORCHARDISTS HAPPY.

Water in the Santa Ana Valley Irrigation Company's canal dropped fifteen heads in

twenty-four hours on Tuesday, and orchardists who had already prepared their land for irrigation were disappointed by the water company that it would be a month before the water reached them, began to feel blue. The fall was caused by Riverton's supply being cut off while they were being cleaned. The rainfall of the past twenty-four hours has been sufficient to put the supply back to the canal's capacity.

ORANGE COUNTY BREVITIES.

May S. Davis of El Modena is the father of a broad and Orange county enterprise. He purchased an evaporator and fitted it up for the purpose of drying sweet potatoes.

E. B. Merritt of Anaheim has announced himself as a candidate for the office of City Clerk.

Theives have been doing considerable petty stealing in and around Placentia during the past few days, but no clew has been obtained.

The Anaheim Gazette reports specimen of white scale in an orange orchard in that vicinity.

James Irvine, owner of the San Joaquin ranch, has made the Orange County Fair Association a donation of \$50.

Richard Marshall, a Santa Ana pioneer, died in Los Angeles on the 5th inst.

HAY CROP ASSURED.

ORANGE, March 10.—[Associated Press.] The rain which commenced to fall last night registered .45 of an inch up to noon today, making 4.23 inches for the season, which is 7.83 inches less than the precipitation for the same period last year. The hay crop is, however, assured.

### RIVERSIDE.

#### Bold and Unsuccessful Attempt to Break Jail.

RIVERSIDE, March 10.—[Regular Correspondence.] A bold attempt at breaking jail was cleverly frustrated this afternoon by Marshal Wilson and his men.

At one o'clock this morning the members of the two committees arrived at a better understanding as to what the city needs in the way of a revised charter, and from now on the work of the committees can be proceeded with more rapidly than in the past.

### BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

Another session of the Board of Supervisors was held yesterday, all members being present.

The chair of R. M. Vail for personal services, County Surveyor, being \$500 and \$200, respectively, were rejected, having been endorsed by the District Attorney, as not being legal expenses against the committee.

The members of the committees are as follows: Council—Alderman Stearns and Dodds; Chamber of Commerce—Messrs. W. N. King, M. A. Luce, George H. Ballew, L. A. Wright and George W. Marston.

### SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.

#### MELTON BACA ON TRIAL CHARGED WITH FORGERY.

Board of Education Orders Warrants Drawn for Miss Newell's Salary from September to March in Accordance With Decision of Court.

### SAN BERNARDINO.

SAN BERNARDINO, March 10.—[Regular Correspondence.] Melton Baca appeared before Judge Campbell today, to stand trial for a third time on the charge of forgery. At the first trial, the jury disagreed. At the second trial, the entire venture of jurymen was discharged as having been improperly drawn by Sheriff Holcomb, who admitted that he had a decided opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the accused.

The following jurymen were chosen today: William Shay, J. H. McGarrett, W. E. Bagnell, John Anderson, Almon McIntyre, S. G. Guffey, P. Blackmon, William E. Brooks, S. H. Dicks, M. E. Brooks, J. L. Dreggers, J. H. Kelly.

The testimony introduced was substantially the same as that of the first trial, the details of which have been made public, and which are familiar to the majority of the people hereabout.

Partial hearing was given to the viewers' report of a public highway in the fifth district, petitioned for by F. N. Sanderson and others, but final action on the matter was postponed.

The request of the County Superintendent of Schools to have the boundaries of the school districts transcribed into a volume, was granted.

THE PUBLIC HIGHWAY petitioned for by the Sweetwater Fruit Company and others in the second district, was ordered opened to the public.

### SAN DIEGO BREVITIES.

The trial of M. Fairview Judicial township have entered a strong protest with the Board of Supervisors against the issuance of liquor licenses in that township, and the board has referred the matter to the county with a request that he furnish his written opinion as to the validity of section 7 of ordinance No. 81.

John Baird, the witness was in this city yesterday. The witness was a mining man, and was about 50 years of age. He was born in Deltia, Calif., and was working at the mine when he was 14 years old. He was a miner and a prospector, and was well known in the mining districts of the west. He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

He was a hard worker, and with his wife, he has a large family.

## City Briefs.

Miss E. C. Collins cordially invites the ladies of Los Angeles and vicinity to her season's opening, Friday and Saturday, March 11 and 12, at her store in the Y.M.C.A. building, No. 209 South Broadway. This season, after her success in the introduction of the finest designs and importations of French patterns and novelties, Miss Collins will display a line of select shapes, bonnets, round hats and general millinery, such as has never been shown in this city and is not now to be found outside of California.

Poses will be sold on the Sharkey-Chernick fight tonight, at the Los Angeles Turf Exchange, No. 143 South Broadway (in the rear). Full description (by rounds) by wire. Everybody invited. No charge.

The Northwestern National Insurance Company has over \$2,000,000 cash assets. Patronize solid home institutions. As A. Allen, special agent, 310 Wilcox Block.

For prompt adjustments and payment of fire losses, investigate the Northwestern National Insurance Company, 310 Wilcox Block.

Rand & McNally's official map of Alaska with cover, for 25 cents at The Times counting room, or mailed to any address for the same price.

Edward G. Smith, stationer & Mumpus' eastern style for spring wear at Burns', 240 South Spring street.

Special—Finest cabinet photos reduced to \$1 and \$1.75 per dozen. Sunbeam, No. 226 South Main street.

An excellent programme at Pine Tree State Association, at 330 South Broadway, tonight.

Dr. C. Edgar Smith, medical, rectal diseases. Lankershim bldg. Green 494.

The Federal grand jury will meet today and proceed with the business of finding indictments against evildoers.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union telegraph office for Etta S. Reed, A. P. Low and Luke Templeton.

There will be a month's mind solemn requiem mass for the repose of the soul of the late Very Rev. A. J. Meyer, C.M., at St. Vincent's Church, on Saturday morning, March 12, at 9 o'clock. Friends are invited.

## CITRUS FRUITS.

## JOINT MEETING TO DISCUSS REDUCTION OF FREIGHT RATES.

## Committee Appointed to Wait on Transportation Companies and Secure the Lowest Rate Possible on Citrus Fruits.

A joint meeting was held in the assembly-room of the Chamber of Commerce yesterday afternoon, composed of delegates from the various chambers of commerce, and fruit-growers, packers and shippers of Southern California.

The object of the meeting was to discuss the advisability of requesting the railroads to reduce the freight rates on citrus fruits.

General Forman, president of the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce, called the meeting to order, and briefly stated what it was desired to accomplish.

E. W. Holmes of Riverside was then made permanent chairman, and B. H. Young, secretary.

Mr. Young reviewed the citrus-fruit industry of Southern California. He said that a few years ago navel oranges were bringing as high as \$6 a box; that now the price is down to little more than a third that amount. At that time the freight rate per hundred was about \$1.45, now it is \$1.25. The reduction he said, was not sufficient. Today navel oranges delivered at the packing-house, bring from 75 cents to \$1 a box, and the market report further shows that the grower gets but 12 cents a box for seedlings delivered at the same point. The probabilities are, this latter price will be still further reduced. At such prices, however, he said, unless the railroads reduce the freight rates, there is practically nothing left for the grower. Mr. Young further stated that just now there are more orchards being dug up or abandoned than there are new ones set out; that there are about three thousand carloads of citrus fruit in the railroads now held up, unless the railroads come to the assistance of the growers, by making a reasonable reduction in freight rates; that while the growers will lose an enormous amount of money, the railroads will fail to receive a half-million of dollars for freight that they would get were they to carry fruit at some equitable rate.

N. W. Blanchard of Santa Paula disagreed with Mr. Young's statement that there were more orchards being dug up and abandoned than are being set out. However, he said, there was no question but there ought to be a reduction in freight rates on citrus fruits. If the railroads do not come to the rescue now, he asked, so that the present production can be marketed at a profit, how much worse will it be when the output has increased from 25 to 50 per cent?

A. P. Griffith of Los Angeles, of the firm opinion that there ought to be a reduction of freight rates on citrus fruits. He said he believed the growers would get more money for their fruits if they were to destroy their orchards of seedlings, and Mediterranean swallows that grow them for the price now paid per box. He further said he believed if the question were properly presented to the railroads, they would readily see where they are now losing a considerable revenue which they would otherwise receive, if they made a reasonable reduction. In closing, he said to his hearers that it was no sin to raise navel oranges, one cannot merely plant the tree, and let it go with a blessing. It costs lots of dollars, brains and hard work to produce marketable fruit; therefore, the grower should receive adequate remuneration. The grower must have more money for his fruit, or else raise a poorer quality.

Abbot Kinney announced that the State Board of Horticulture would meet in this city April 11 and 12. He said he was one of a committee that were at hand to select and asked the chairman to select some one of those present to represent the present meeting, on that occasion. The matter was taken under advisement.

Dr. W. B. Wall of Tustin, expressed himself as desiring a reduction in freight rates, and also A. C. King of San Diego county. Mr. King said the growers should convince the railroad people that they are not working against the railroads, but with them; that all the grower wants is a very small share; that he will be satisfied with a meager portion, and is more than willing to let the railroads companies to have the lion's share, but unless the grower has a little something for his trouble, he cannot continue, and then both parties will suffer.

Mr. Packard of Pomona said the

lemon situation had already been put before the railroad companies and a reduction in freight rates asked. The companies yet referred to the question, but it was expected they would do so in a day or two. He said he was informed that the question was now before the powers that be, and he thought likely a reduction would be granted. He stated in a later article, "The lemon market had been set, and if it is not granted lemons cannot be put in the market as cheap as importers can bring them from Sicily."

A. P. Griffith of Azusa moved that Mr. Packard be made chairman of a committee of five to act for the committee of 50 cents per hundred pounds on citrus fruits for this season. Mr. Packard objected to a blanket rate. He said it would fill the eastern market with inferior fruit.

Mr. Cowan of the firm of Villary, Michael & Co., fruit-buyers, New York, said he thought there should be a good plan for the growers to have a good plan for the acceptance of Southern California to accept any reduction the railroads might see fit to make, and not stand out for any specified rate. He said at present California had the most abundant supply of oranges and Mediterranean sweets over importers; that it would be wise for growers to take half a loaf rather than no loaf, and to get their lemons into the eastern market, where they could be tested and a demand created for them.

The committee of seven finally approved the draft resolution setting forth the sense of the meeting, and to proceed to secure the greatest reduction possible in the present freight rates on citrus fruits. The committee, as finally appointed, was as follows: Mr. Edward G. Smith, Dr. C. Edgar Smith, A. P. Griffith, Azusa; E. F. C. Klocke, Orange county; A. P. Ruggles, Redlands; R. H. Young, San Diego; N. W. Blanchard, Santa Paula; A. P. Johnson, Riverside.

A strong effort was made to have Mr. Naftzger, manager of the Southern California Fruit Exchange, serve on the committee, but he said it was impossible for him to do so; that his duties as manager of the exchange would keep him fully occupied, and the interests of the growers and the business of disposing of their fruit. He also said he felt certain it would be impossible to secure a 75-cent rate; that the committee should have a clear understanding of the position before asking a reduction. He said the railroads company could meet the requirement that would be made with the statement that for years they had not paid a dividend; that they are hauling fruit through these United States at a rate of 1.1 cents per ton per mile, and are not even making a profit of a cent a ton. He further said that the members of the committee might understand what a hard and rocky road they had to travel.

Mr. Blanchard, Mr. Young, Mr. Griffith, and several others strongly urged that Mr. Naftzger remain on the committee, but he positively declined to do so.

The meeting then adjourned, and the committee of seven met to arrange its plans.

## Licensed to Wed.

Daniel M. Blevins, 39 years of age, a native of Missouri, and Ruth Jennett Vanslyke, 19 years of age, a native of California, both residents of Los Angeles.

LOS ANGELES TRANSFER CO. Will check baggage at your residence to any place. No. 218 W. First street. Tel. M. 249.

Men's 10c handkerchiefs for 5¢ at Spear's, No. 201 North Spring street.

## Repairing Done. By Mail

No matter where you live, we can do repair work better and cheaper than your home jeweler. We have more experience in one month than the average jeweler gets in five years. This repair work is a science with us. Send for price list. You can send your work by registered mail for eight cents.

## Geneva Watch and Optical Co.

333 South Spring St. Near Fourth.

## You needn't fear indigestion and kindred complaints resulting from eating hot bread and biscuits.

## Why? Because you can secure

## DR. FOX'S

Health

Baking

Powder.

## IT IS A PEPSIN CREAM OF TARTAR BAKING POWDER.

## The "Standard of Style"

## Sailors

We admit no Sailor Hat to our stock

unless it has been approved by the

ladies of New York and London.

You can always depend on our shapes being absolutely

correct as well as our prices being absolutely the

lowest. The extent and variety of our new stock

is unmatched on this Coast.

If you want the latest

novelties or any particular shape or color you can

come here with the confidence that you will find what

you are looking for.

## The Wonder Millinery,

MEYER BROS., Successors to Lud Zobel & Co.,

219 South Spring Street.

Chaper to More than Merchandise

## Our New Number

Will be 245 South Broadway,

two doors south of the Boston Store. It will be the most elegant Kid Glove and Corset establishment on the coast—as near as we can make it so. It will be a perfect store. We've got to start right—the goods as well as the store must be new. It makes a splendid chance for you to purchase high-class Kid Gloves, Corsets and Furnishings at reduced prices.

## The Unique

LADIES' FURNISHERS,

247 South Spring St.

## Elegant Shoes . . .

WE MAKE NO BROAD OR

SENSATIONAL CLAIMS FOR OUR STOREKEEPING.

WE ONLY CLAIM TO HAVE THE VERY LATEST AND BEST IN SHOES, AND PLENTY OF THEM, AND TO SELL AT MODERATE PRICES.

WE TAKE ENOUGH PRIDE IN OUR BUSINESS NOT TO LET ANY MERCHANT KEEP A BETTER SHOE STORE THAN WE DO—AND FEW KEEP SO GOOD.

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."

WE ARE SURELY THE ONLY SHOE STORE IN LOS ANGELES WHICH HAS NOT BEEN REFERRED TO AS THE "UNIQUE."